FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

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From the Raleigh Standard.

THE GEOLOGICAL AND MINERALOGICAL SURVEY.—WHAT WAS ITS OBJECT?

MESSRS. EDITORS: The Legislature of North-Carolina at its session in 1851, directed a geological and mineralogical survey of the State, to be made under the supervision of the Governor and the Literary Board. The Governor was directed as soon as practicable to employ some suitable person to conduct the survey.

In obedience thereof, Gov. Reid employed Professor Emmons, who, since his appointment, has been diligent in making an examination of the various geological formations and mineralogical deposits in different parts of the State, and has reported from time to time, the result of his investigations. It appears from his reports that North-Carolina is *rich in minerals*—that her *coal, iron, copper and black lead* are not surpassed *in value or in quantity*, scarcely, by any other State in the Union; that *beyond all*, her coal deposit on Deep River alone, is *a mine of wealth*,—that it lies nearer the Atlantic coast than any other known, and all that is wanted to make it available, and prove *an immense and inexhaustible source of revenue to the State*, is a certain and direct outlet to the ocean.

The survey has cost the State some forty thousand dollars and for one, I say the money has been profitably expended. It has established *the fact beyond doubt*, by the testimony of a man of science, that within our borders we possess *all the elements* to constitute us a great State—*a creditor* State in the way of exchange.

Now, what was the object of this survey? Was it merely to gratify an idle curiosity, or to make known to the world that within our State *these immense treasures* lie buried? I trust not; but if so, enough has been done in all conscience, and we might now discharge the able Professor, and quietly fold our arms and relapse into an old Rip Van Winkle slumber again; but I suppose such was not the object of the wise legislature of 1851; they doubtless thought that, if after a thorough examination, it should prove true that North-Carolina *really possessed the minerals* of which so much had been heard, that some subsequent legislature would devise the ways and means to aid individual enterprise in their development. This ought now to be done; official information has been had. From the report of Professor Emmons, it appears *the half was not told* of the *extent, the richness and value* of the minerals of the State,—and as wise legislators, the body now assembled ought at once to foster and encourage any and *all practicable schemes* to bring into market the coal and iron lying on Deep River, that being the nearest to the Atlantic coast, and most likely to be soonest developed.

The "Western Railroad Company," (composed of citizens of the town of Fayetteville and of the county of Cumberland,) have projected an enterprise to reach this rich deposit; they have manifested *their faith* in the matter by an expenditure of some three hundred and fifty thousand dollars in the construction of a *permanent railway* more than a third of the distance, and by the grading of the roadbed nearly to the coal-fields. This Company will want the aid of the State to go on with their work; will it be denied them? can it be, when the State is to be so much benefitted by the completion of this road?

It is estimated that over a single track there can be transported at least *five hundred thousand tons of* coal a year, and with a double track, *one million five hundred thousand tons!* Now, consider for a moment, the great benefit to the *State* the pouring out of this immense quantity of coal will be to her. In the first place, the lands on Deep River will be more than quadrupled in value, and the *revenue* from the same proportionably increased; the vast amount of *Northern exchange* brought into the State will enable the Public Treasurer at any time to command what may be required to meet any indebtedness of the State at any point without the *loss of a dollar for premium*; our banks, in which the State is more or less interested, will be greatly benefited, and *North-Carolina money*, by reason of this superabundance of exchange, will be *current every where*, and its value *equal to gold*. The developement of these mines will in addition bring a large amount of foreign capital into the State to be expended among our laborers, mechanics, and others, and will open a *new source of taxation*, without any additional burthen on the people, from which the State will derive for all time to come, *a certain and large amount of revenue.*

I understand the Western Railroad Company propose simply *an exchange of bonds* with the State—that is, they propose that the State issue to them six hundred thousand dollars of bonds of the State—and for repayment, the Company give the State a like amount of *their bonds*, and agree to meet the payment of the interest on the same, (so that *no additional tax* will have to be levied on the people,) and the Public Treasurer will thus be enabled to meet the payments on the State bonds as they become due. In addition to this as further security, the Company propose *to mortage the entire road* to the State, in order fully to indemnify it. What risk then can the State of North Carolina run in aiding the Railroad Company, when such abundant security is offered? None in the world; and it is but common justice that the State *should grant* the asked for aid. The representatives in former Legislatures from Cumberland *have uniformly voted* for all works of public improvement, although some of these works *were directly against* the *interest* of their constituents; but they consulted *the public good*, and now ask *for the public good*, that the work projected by them, and which is designed to carry out one of the principal objects of the Geological Survey, may receive that aid to which it is entitled from the State.

CLINTON.

The South Carolina Legislature met in Columbia on Monday. Both houses were organized on Tuesday by the re-election, in the Senate, of Hon. James Chesnut, of Kershaw, as President, and Gen. William E. Martin, of Charleston, Clerk, and A. D. Goodwyn, Reading Clerk; and in the House of Representatives, by the re-election of the Hon. James Simons, of the Charleston district as Speaker, and Col. John T. Sloan, of Pendleton, as Clerk.

INTO THE SUNSHINE.

'I wish father would come home.'

The voice that said this had a troubled tone, and the face that looked up was sad.

'Your father will be very angry,' said an aunt, who was sitting in the room with a book in her hand. The boy raised himself up from the sofa, where he had been lying in tears for half an hour and with a touch of indignation in his voice answered:

'He'll be sorry, not angry. Father never gets angry.'

For a few moments the aunt looked at the boy half curiously, and let her eyes fall again on the book in her hand. The boy laid himself down on the sofa again, and hid his face from sight.

'That's father now!' He started up after the lapse of nearly ten minutes, as the sound of a bell reached his ear, and went to the room door. He stood there for a little while, and then came slowly back, saying with a disappointed air:

'It isn't father. I wonder what keeps him so late. Oh, I wish he would come.'

'You seem anxious to get deeper into trouble,' remarked the aunt, who had only been in the house for a week, and who was not very amiable or very sympathizing towards children. The boy's fault had provoked her, and she considered him a fit subject for punishment.

'I believe, aunt Phœbe, that you would like to see me whipped,' said the boy, a little warmly; 'but you won't.'

'I must confess,' replied aunt Phœbe, 'that I think a little wholesome discipline of that kind you speak of, would not be out of place. If you were my child, I am very sure you would not escape.'

'I am not your child; I don't want to be. Father's good, and loves me.'

'If your father is so good, and loves you so well, you must be very ungrateful, or a very inconsiderate boy. His goodness don't seem to have helped you much.'

'Hush, will you?' ejaculated the boy, excited to anger by this unkindness of speech.

'Phœbe!' It was the boy's mother who spoke now, for the first time, and in an undertone added: 'You are wrong. Richard is suffering quite enough, and you are doing him harm rather than good.'

Again the bell rang, and again the boy left the sofa, and went to the sitting room door.

'It's father!' and he went gliding down stairs. 'Ah, Richard!' was the kindly greeting, as Mr. Gordon took the hand of his boy. 'But what is the matter, my son? you don't look happy.

'Won't you come in here?' And Richard drew his father into the library. Mr. Gordon sat down, still holding Richard's hand.

'You are in trouble, my son. What has happened?'

The eyes of Richard filled with tears as he looked in his father's face. He tried to answer, but his lips quivered. Then he turned away, and opening the door of the cabinet, brought out the fragments of a broken statue, which had been sent home only the day before and set them on a table before his father, over whose countenance came instantly a shadow of regret.

'Who did this, my son?' was asked in an even voice.

'I did it.'

'How?'

'I threw my ball in there, once—only once, in forgetfulness.'

The poor boy's tones were husky and tremulous.

A little while Mr Gordon sat controling himself, and collecting his disturbed thoughts. Then he said cheerfully—

'What is done, Richard, can't be helped; put the broken pieces away. You have had trouble enough about it, I can see—and reproof for your thoughtlessness—so I will not add a word to increase your pain.'

'Ah, father,' and the boy threw his arms about his father's neck. 'You are so kind—so good!'

Five minutes later, and Richard entered the sitting room with his father. Aunt Phœbe looked up for two shadowed faces, but she did not see them. She was puzzled.

"That was very unfortunate,' she said, a little while after Mr. Gordon came in. 'It was such an exquisite work of art. It is hopelessly ruined.'

Richard was leaning against his father when his aunt said this. Mr. Gordon only smiled and drew his arm around his boy. Mrs. Gordon threw upon her a look of warning, but it was unheeded.

'I think Richard was a very naughty boy.'

'We have settled that, Phœbe,' was the mild but firm answer of Mr. Gordon; 'and it is one of our rules to get into the sunshine as soon as possible.'

Phœbe was rebuked, while Richard looked grateful and it may be a little triumphant; for his aunt had borne down upon him rather too hard for a boy's patience to endure.

In the sunshine as quickly as possible! Oh, is not that the better philosophy for our home? Is it not true Christian philosophy? It is selfishness that grows angry and repels, because a fault has been committed. Let us get the offender into the sunshine as quickly as possible, so that true thought and right feelings may grow vigorous in its warmth. We retain anger, not that anger may act as a wholsome discipline, but because we are unwilling to forgive. Ah, if we were always right ourselves we should oftener be right with our children.

A Fearful Apparition.—The editor of the Tiffie Advertiser says that Mrs. J—— the widow of a late subscriber to the Advertiser in an adjoining township, was recently awakened from a sound sleep at midnight, when she distinctly heard an apparition advancing towards her, until it finally reached her bed. A sense of suffocation deprived her of all her power to scream aloud. She describes her blood as retreating with icy chillness to her heart from the body, when she recognised in the intruding spirit her deceased husband The countenance of her beloved in life wore not its once benevolent aspect; the eyes which once beamed with affection upon her, were now fixed in stern regard upon the trembling woman. Aroused to desperation she adjured him—

"Charles, why do you haunt me? Why do you come again?"

"Jessie," said he, slowly waiving in his hand a small roll of paper, "Jessie, pay the account I owed to the Advertiser, and let me rest in peace."

Mrs. J. has fulfilled his desire, and is now not fearful of any future visits from the shadowy land.

It is proposed to establish an institution for the education of young ladies, in which the science of weaveology, spinology and cookology will form a part. After obtaining these accomplishments they may receive the F. F. W. Fit for wives.

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE.

THURSDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 25, 1858.

A PRODIGIOUS DAY'S WORK.—A letter from our Raleigh correspondent, dated on Tuesday afternoon, informed us that the Legislature had rushed through all the important elections on that day, ratifying all the caucus nominations of the previous night.

Thos. L. Clingman was elected Senator for the short term, till March 4th 1861, (in place of Judge Biggs.)

And Gov. Bragg was elected for the long term, from March 4th 1859 to March 4th 1865, in place of Hon. David S. Reid, the present incumbent.

Judges Shepherd and Heath, who have each ridden one Circuit under appointment of the Governor and Council, were elected Judges of the Superior Courts.

Robert Strange, Esq. was re-elected Solicitor of this Judicial Circuit, and W. J. Houston, Esq. of Duplin county, was elected Solicitor of the 2d Circuit, in place of Mr. Stevenson of Newbern, who declined a re-election.

The Opposition voted for the Hon. George E. Badger and others, and the Hon. William A. Graham for Senators.

And so Gov. Reid and W. W. Holden, who revolutionized the politics of the State and placed the democrats in power, have been whistled down the wind, and a new convert, Mr. Clingman, and an old Democrat, Gov. Bragg, who only came in to divide the spoils after the battle was over, have received the highest honors of the State! Well, "Republics are ungrateful."

So far as we are concerned, we are neither disappointed nor grieved at the election of Mr. Clingman. For reasons heretofore stated, we thought him the best choice the party was likely to make. But as to Gov. Bragg, we are disappointed. We regard him as inferior in all respects to Mr. Holden, and especially are we amazed that the party overlooked, in his favor, Mr. Holden's talents and services.

As for Senator Reid, we have not a tear to shed. We never thought him suited to the place, and are not sorry that he is out of it. But we do wish that in getting rid of him the party had made an improvement.

The Judicial appointments we think are all good.

FAITHLESS.—The Raleigh correspondent of the Newbern Progress says that "the friends of Holden and Reid swear at the *lies* told them by members. They swear that a number sufficient to place their respective champions in a safe position in the contest, *solemnly pledged* their votes, and thereupon didn't give them."

We had heard of a similar instance of bad faith earlier in the session. A candidate was made so sure of election that he turned over his business to a friend, so as to be ready for his new office. But he was badly defeated.

The secret of all this is that the vote in caucus is by ballot, so that a member cannot be tracked. In the Legislature the vote is *viva voce.*

The same writer says,—

"I learn that on the first ballot Bragg got within one vote of enough, and that Holden and Reid equally divided the balance. On the second, Holden's vote stood as at first, but a sufficient number of Reid's friends jumped to Bragg to elect him by some thirteen votes. Clingman was cunning. He secured the support of all the opposing candidates, and when secure himself poured his strength into the scale of Bragg—down it went, and Reid and Holden stood aghast."

HUZZA FOR THE RAILROAD!—Seeing one or two loaded trains pass through our streets a few days ago, we inquired at the Railroad office as to their freights, and obtained a statement showing that 2003 barrels of Naval Stores have been brought to town from McClenahan's Station, 11 miles, within a week past. There had been previously brought down considerable quantities of Naval Stores, Wood, &c.

The freights of this week amount to upwards of $300. And the saving to the shippers of Naval Stores probably amounts to nearly an equal sum.

This business will be greatly increased as the Road progresses through the fine pine lands of Cumberland, Harnett and Moore. By the time the 2d Division shall have been completed, 25 miles from town, other articles, as Corn, Flour, Cotton, &c., will doubtless be brought there for transportation to town.

ARRIVALS BY RAIL ROAD.

Nov. 18.—From Col. A. Murchison, 200 bbls. Rosin to T. S. Lutterloh.
Nov. 19.—From Messrs. McLaurin & Strange, 25 empty Spirit casks to Mr. Christopher Munroe.
From Col. A. Murchison, 60 bbls. Rosin to Messrs. G. W. Williams & Co.
From J. R. Murchison, 60 bbls Rosin to T. S. Lutterloh.
From D. Murchison & Son, 180 bbls. Rosin to Do.
Nov. 20— do do 180 do Do.
From J. Worth & Sons, 180 bbls. Rosin to Worth & Utley.
Nov. 22—From J. Worth & Sons, 168 bbls. Rosin to Worth & Utley.
From Col. A. Murchison, 82 bbls. to T. S. Lutterloh.
Nov. 23—From D. Murchison & Son, 500 bbls Rosin to T. S Lutterloh.
From Jno. R. Murchison, 800 feet Lumber to A. J. Woodward.
Nov. 24—Christopher Munroe 26 bags peas, from D & W. McLaurin.
From D. Murchison & Son, 120 bbls. Rosin to T. S. Lutterloh.
From Crutchfield & Headen, 273 bbls. Rosin to Worth & Utley.

J. F. MARSH, Condt'r.

INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT COMMITTEE.—Mr. Bridgers, Chairman of the House committee on Internal Improvements, having asked to be excused from serving on that committee, in consequence of being on two others, our townsman, Wm. McL. McKay, Esq. has been selected to fill that important place.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF N. CAROLINA.

In the Senate on Monday resolutions were adopted as follows:

One offered by Mr. Steele, instructing the committee on Finance to take into consideration the question of taking the tax lists; and the propriety of empowering the County Courts to appoint persons other than justices of the peace, to take tax lists, and to report by bill or otherwise.

By Mr. Martin, instructing the Judiciary Committee to enquire into the expediency of altering the present mode of voting by ballot in all elections by the people of this State, and consider the propriety of recommending the mode of voting *viva voce.*

By Mr. Bledsoe, instructing the Committee of Finance "to inquire into the expediency of reporting a Revenue Bill on the *ad valorem* principle, embracing, as far as it may be done consistently with the Constitution and the interests of the people, the entire property of the State; and a capitation and specified tax upon such persons, property, &c., as are not the legitimate subjects of taxation *ad valorem.*"

Bills were introduced: By Mr. Brown, to incorporate the Milton and Yanceyville Junction Railroad Company. Referred to the committee on Internal Improvements, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Houston, a bill to create and establish Courts of Common Pleas, and for other purposes. Referred to committee on judiciary, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Lankford, a bill to provide for the election of Clerks and Masters in Equity by the people. Referred to the Judiciary committee, ordered to be printed.

Mr. Humphrey, a bill in favor of lighting the halls with gas. The entire cost of all the fittings necessary effectually to light the halls, including the thirty-light chandeliers, will be $2,300, and the ordinary expense of lighting afterwards will not exceed that of candles.

In the House on Monday, Mr. Waddill of Stanly offered a resolution, "That the committee on privileges and elections be instructed to enquire whether E. G. Haywood, one of the members of this House, holds the office of Clerk and Master in Equity, if so, whether he is entitled to sit in the House of Commons. Also, whether J. I. Scales, of Alamance, had his residence in said county twelve months preceding his election, and also instructing them to make similar enquiries relative to S. E. Williams, of Caswell, and whether W. A. Moore, of Martin, is twenty-one years of age, giving them power to send for persons and papers."

Bills were introduced: By Mr. Cox, of Pitt, regulating assignments for the benefit of creditors. [Makes all creditors equal.]

By Mr. Craven, to amend the Revised Code chap. 24. sec. 28, entitled Bastardy.

By Mr. Woodfin, to establish the county of Bragg.

Latest—From our Reporter.

RALEIGH, Nov. 24.

Yesterday, as you learned from my note of last night, the Senators were elected.

The vote in all the elections stood: Bragg 113, Badger 20, Outlaw 13, R. S. Donnell 8, Scattering 9.

Clingman 108, Gov. Graham 47.

For Judges: Heath 117, W. N. H. Smith 47. Shepherd 114, Mitchell 38, T. R. Caldwell 2.

For Solicitors: Houston 116, Sparrow 42. Strange 112, Thos. C. Fuller 44.

To-day the drama was completed by the election of Thos. Ruffin, Jr., Solicitor for the 4th Circuit—the Whigs voting for Jas. A. Long: by the nearly unanimous election of D. W. Courts as Public Treasurer; and the election of two engrossing clerks, Messrs. Hill of Stokes, and Ward of Duplin. The Whigs mostly voted for Mr. J. Small of Chatham, and Jos. H. Brown of Randolph.

Yesterday Mr. Taylor introduced a bill to incorporate the Chatham Railroad company, to build a road from the Deep River Coalfields to the N. C. Railroad.

Mr. Martin, of Wilkes, a bill to abolish the Militia system.

The contested seats are likely to cause some trouble. A rather angry discussion grew out of some resolutions introduced yesterday,—one contesting certain seats on the ground of treating, was voted down; another contesting the seats of W. P. Taylor, W. H. A. Speer, and H. W. Brummell, passed. Much discussion will yet grow out of it, I think. There is a proposition talked of, however, to leave the matter to the Supreme Court, which will at once end it.

The question of most interest to your section came up to-day in a report made from the committee on Internal Improvements, through their Chairman Mr. McKay. The report states that it is a great State work and that after due consideration it is their belief that it should pass, and make the following amendments:

SEC. 5. "Be it further enacted, That no execution shall be levied upon the estate of said Company either real or personal, nor any Equity of redemption in the same, for any debt or liability which may have been contracted by said company, or any cause of action which may have accrued against the same prior to the passage of this act.

SEC. 6. "Be it further enacted, That the fifth section of this act shall be in force until the debt of six hundred thousand dollars,—the amount of the bonds held by the State against said company under the provisions of this act,—shall be fully paid off and extinguished, and no longer."

I think, from the impression now among the members, that it will go through, and the sooner it comes up the better.

Mr. Chambers introduced a bill, to-day, amending the Rev. Code so as to distribute the Literary Fund of Common Schools on the white basis.

Mr. Waddill of Stanly introduced a bill making it a whipping offence to be convicted a second time of trading with slaves.

Mr. Burns, a bill to incorporate the town of Mount Pleasant, in Cabarrus.

In the Senate nothing of consequence was done, either to-day or yesterday. The bill to abolish the freehold qualification of Jurors was reported on unfavorably.

BUSINESS BEFORE THE LEGISLATURE.—*A Bill to aid the Western (Fayetteville and Coalfields) Railroad.* Introduced by Mr. Gilmore, Senate, and Mr. McKay, Commons. Provides as follows:—

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted, &c.*, That the Public Treasurer is hereby authorized and directed to issue and deliver to the Western Railroad Company, six hundred thousand dollars of the coupon Bonds of the State of North Carolina, signed by the Governor, countersigned by the Public Treasurer, and sealed with the great seal of the State, bearing six per cent. interest, the principal payable at the end of thirty years from the date thereof, and the coupons of interest payable semi-annually, in such form as the Public Treasurer may direct, to be made payable at such time and place as may be agreed upon by the Public Treasurer, and said Bonds to be delivered at the times, and upon the conditions hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. That before the Public Treasurer shall deliver to said Company, any of the Bonds hereby authorized to be delivered, the said Western Railroad Company shall deliver to the Public Treasurer the Coupon Bonds of said Company for the same amount, and bearing the same interest and date, the principal and coupons payable at the same time and place as those of the State hereinbefore directed to be issued and delivered to the Western Railroad Company; and to secure the principal and interest of said Bonds issued by the Western Railroad Company, the State of North Carolina shall, by this Act, have a lien upon all the estate of said Company, both real and personal, which they may now have or may hereafter acquire, between the Cape Fear River at Fayetteville, and the terminus of the road in said Coal Fields, including that at both points, together with all the rights, franchises, and powers thereto belonging, or in anywise appertaining, or that may hereafter appertain to said company; and which lien shall have preference over all other claims, whatsoever; and in case of failure of said Company to pay the semi-annual interest on said bonds for twelve months after such interest shall become due, or to pay the principal of said bonds, for twelve months after their maturity, the Board of Internal Improvement, for and in behalf of the State, may enter upon and take possession of all the property hereinbefore specified, and dispose of the same by sale or otherwise so as to protect the State.

SEC. 3. That the Bonds of the State hereby authorized to be delivered to the Western Railroad Company shall be delivered as follows, viz: when it shall be certified by the President of said Western Railroad Company that twelve miles of said road has been completed and put in operation, said Company shall be entitled to receive two hundred thousand dollars; when it shall likewise be certified that the iron for the whole road has been delivered at the port of Wilmington, said Company shall be entitled to receive an additional two hundred thousand dollars; whenever the President shall certify that twenty four miles of said road has been completed, said Company shall be entitled to receive an additional one hundred thousand dollars, and whenever the President shall certify that the whole road to the Coal Fields has been completed and put in operation, an additional and final sum of one hundred thousand dollars shall be delivered to said Company.

SEC. 4. That the income of said Company, after paying the current necessary expenses, shall first be applied to the payment of the interest on the bonds hereby directed to be delivered to the Public Treasurer, and of the remainder, twenty-five per cent. shall be set aside and permanently invested for the purpose of creating a Sinking Fund, for the final extinguishment of the debt; the balance may be divided among the Stockholders, as said Company may direct, it being the intention of this Act, to pledge the whole net income of the Company in the first instance to the liquidation of the interest on the Bonds, and then to provide for their final extinguishment.

A Bill to Alter the Constitution.—Mr. Bledsoe of Wake. The Constitution now requires that capitation taxes shall be equal, that free males over 21 and under 45 and slaves between 12 and 50 shall be subject to it. Mr. Bledsoe's Bill proposes, 1st, that all free *white* males over 21 and under 45, and no other whites, shall be subject to it. 2d, that *all* the colored inhabitants of the State shall be subject to such capitation or *other* tax as the Legislature may impose.

A Bill to repeal cl. 2, sec. 3, ar. 4, of the Constitution.—Mr. Turner of Orange. The clause proposed to be repealed provides that free males over 21 and under 45, and slaves between 12 and 50 shall be subject to capitation tax, &c.

[We suppose that these two Bills aim at the same point—*ad valorem* taxation of slave property. The subject was debated in the Convention of 1835, and the present provisions were the result of compromise. One of the compromises was destroyed by Gov. Reid's "free suffrage," and the example once set, we suppose there will be no end to innovations.]

A Bill to incorporate the Danville & Greensborough Railroad Company, (the Danville Connection.)—Mr. Boyd of Rockingham. Capital $500,000, with power to increase to $1,000,000, to construct branches to the mineral regions in Rockingham and Stokes, and to connect with any other Railroad now or to be constructed. No aid from the State is asked.

A Bill Concerning Free Persons of Color.—Mr. Humphrey of Onslow. Forbids their emigration to North Carolina. In case of violation, the offender to be arrested, and if unable to give bail in $1000 (with a citizen as security) for his removal from the State, to be sold for one year. If still unable to give bond to be sold as a slave for life. All moneys derived from such sales to be paid to the Chairman of Common Schools Board for the County in which sales were made.

It provides also that two years shall be allowed all free negroes now in the State to remove; all found here after that time to be arrested and sold. And further, that the Governor shall issue his proclamation requiring removal before Jan'y 1, 1860.

Another bill concerning free negroes has been introduced by Mr. H. It is to permit them to select masters and become slaves, if they prefer to remain as slaves rather than leave the State as provided for above.

A Bill for the removal of free negroes has been introduced into the House also, by Mr. Walser of Davidson.

"PERSONAL SQUABBLES" AMONG THE DEMOCRACY.—We have been very much amused at an article in the Wilmington Journal berating the aspirants at Raleigh for the U. S. Senatorships. Listen to the groans of the Journal:—

"We regret to learn that as the time approaches, the bitterness of feeling which unfortunately exists between certain persons and their friends, grows in intensity. If this thing is perservered in, whatever the present result may be, the future will inevitably develop the evil seeds which are now being sown broadcast. Caring for the good of the State and of the Democratic party, which is of more interest to us than any contests between Tweedledum and Tweedledee, we confess ourselves heartily sick of the whole affair, and feel like exclaiming in the language of Mercutio, "A plague on both your houses!" And the working Democrats of North Carolina, who neither ask nor receive favor or recognition from your central cliques or legislative caucuses, will soon begin to ask whether they are to have the ascendancy of their principles jeopardized, or the unity of their party threatened, because some of you at the centre cannot agree as to how you shall divide among yourselves the honors and offices of the whole State, to which a small portion—a limited section—asserts a prescriptive claim, and, apparently, *has that claim allowed.* It has always been the way, under all party changes. It ought not to be the way any longer. There are some eighty counties in North Carolina, and free white men in every one of them—citizens of North Carolina, and in each of them, too, good Democrats.'

This is rich. But the Journal ought to have told us which is which—Bragg Tweedledum and Holden Tweedledee, or Holden Tweedledum and Bragg Tweedledee. However, though we may not tell 'tother from which, as good Whigs we heartily respond to the Journal's exclamation, "A plague on both your houses." The fact is, that we have long suspected the Journal of consigning Bragg and Holden, even while they worked together, together to a warmer climate than this, and we are therefore not surprised now to hear it affirm, that "if all the men about whom so much fuss is made were wiped out, our party would still remain, because our principles are indestructible."

Yes, wipe them out, by all means, and a dozen more would spring up in their places, all willing to sacrifice their valuable time and prodigious talents in the United States Senate. Those indestructible principles are the "seven loaves and two small fishes. But what are they among so many?"

A Raleigh correspondent of the Journal seems to be in as ill a humor with things at the Capitol as the Journal itself. He says that "war on the East has commenced in earnest." First is the proposition to tax slaves of all ages; next the Danville connection frightens him from his propriety; it will be "urged with great pertinacity;" and the writer is surprised that members from some sections voted for Settle for Speaker, he being committed, body and soul, to that scheme. Seven out of eleven of the Internal Improvement committee are stated to favor it. The Danville region too, says he, desires all the honors of the State. It has the Speaker and the chairmen of six important committees, besides a U. S. Senator, the Treasurer, Clerk of the Senate, Door-keeper of the House, Engrossing Clerk, &c. Besides all which, "they wish to import a Judge from Alamance, Thos. Ruffin, Jr., into your Circuit, in place of Judge Shepherd." What a mingling of Senators and Doorkeepers, Clerks and Judges. Nothing in the shape of an office escapes the eagle eye of a Democrat.

Really the democracy seem to be in a peck of troubles. In the good old days of whig rule it was one of the most potent charges against it that the State was ruled by a "Raleigh clique." But in this as in most other matters, one reputed whig evil has given place to two confessed democratic evils, each of which is of equal enormity with its single predecessor. We have now, according to the Journal, the Raleigh clique and Danville clique.

THANKSGIVING DAY.—We issue the Observer at an earlier hour than usual to-day, to enable all hands to unite in the observance of the day as recommended by the Governor of the State, under act of the Legislature.

Twenty-two States observe this day in like manner, by Proclamation of their Governors, viz: Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Delaware, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, Missouri, and the City of Washington.

Four other States observed last Thursday. Virginia refuses, on constitutional scruples, to observe any day.

In this town, provision has been made to present a Thanksgiving Dinner to all the poor families who will receive it.

The several Churches will be open this morning for Public Worship.

Yadkin Manufacturing Company.—This new establishment is now in full operation, and turning out some of the finest and as handsome Woolen Goods as we have ever examined. The Woolen Jeans made at this house are very fine, some resembling the finest cassimeres, and would do for a millionaire to wear.

The water power is immense, and the location, we think, will at no distant day become a large manufacturing place. All disposed to illustrate, practically, the doctrine, "*encourage home industry,*" have an abundant opportunity to do so by patronizing this establishment; and if more of such productions were consumed, we are sure we would not be so often panic stricken.

Millegeville, the seat of the manufactory, is in the upper end of Montgomery county, and contains a number of houses, ranging up and down the Yadkin river, and from the ruggedness of the country presents quite an interesting appearance.

Salisbury Watchman.

COTTON RECEIPTS.—942,095 bales, against 410,368 bales last year. Increase 531,727 bales.

LIST OF PREMIUMS,

AWARDED at the Fourth Annual Fair of the Robeson County Agricultural Society, held at Red Springs on the 17th, 18th, and 19th of Nov'r 1858:

AGRICULTURE.

Largest yield of Cotton on one acre, 1500 lbs., Jas A Smith, $25
" yield of Cotton on five acres, average 1264 lbs, W C McNeill, 20
" yield of Corn on one acre, 47¾ bushels, W C McNeill, (B S) 5
" yield of Sweet Potatoes on one acre, 490 bushels, natural production of soil, Jno McCallum, Jr, 5
" yield of Rice on one acre, 78 bus, Neill Buie, 5
" yield of Ground Peas on 5-12 of an acre, 40 bus, D B Carlisle, 2
Best specimen Seed Corn, H McNeill (R S) 50
" Peabody Corn, Do. 50
" Corn, S P McNeill, dip
" Do. Jas A Smith, dip
" Do. W J Stuart, dip
" Do. A McMillan, dip
" Bread Do. Master J A McKay, 25
" Sweet Potatoes, Neill Fairley, dip
" Do. W C McNeill (B M) dip
" Do. Jno McNeill, dip
" Do. W J Stuart, dip
" Do. Angus Leach, dip
" Do. A McMillan, dip
" English Turnips, W C McNeill (B M) 25
" Norfolk and Ruta-baga, W J Stuart, 25
" Red-top and Ruta-baga, J McNeill, dip
" Do. Do. Neill Buie, dip
" Wheat, J B McCallum, dip
2d " Do. do. do. dip
" Do. S P McNeill, dip
" Oats, J B McCallum, dip
" Rye, S P McNeill, 25
" Barley, D C McNeill, 50
Greatest variety Field Peas, H McNeill (R S) dip
Specimen of Field Peas, Master J A McKay, dip
" Do. Jas A Smith, dip
" Do. Rob't Hughes, 25
Best Pumpkin, Master A McCallum, 35
" yellow do., W J Stuart, dip
2d best Do. H McNeill (R S) 25
Best Winter Squash, S P McNeill, 25
Specimen Slips, Master J A McKay,

[In this department the committee would recommend a favorable notice of the production of Cotton on 40 acres, being an average of 800 lbs., grown by Jas A Smith. Also, specimens of potatoes and turnips by the same,—very good.]

LIVE STOCK—HORSES, MULES, &c.

Best Stallion, 6 yrs old, McEachern & Johnson, $5
2d best Do. 4 yrs old, A D McNeill, 2
Best Brood Mare, 6 yrs old, R A Love, 2
2d best Do Daniel McNeill, 1
Best Filly, 2½ yrs old, W C McNeill (b m) 50
" Colt, 8 mos. old, D McP Buie, 2
" Do. 'Pete', 8 mos. old, Dr A D McLean, 1
" Spanish Pony, A A McNeill, 5
" Pair Carriage Horses, Col A McEachern, 8
" Single-harness Horse, G G McPherson, 1
2d best Do. Do. Col A McEachern, dip
3d best Do. Do. Artemas McNeill, 2
Best Saddle Horse, Sam'l Smith, 1
2d best Do. Alex'r McPherson, 5
Best Jack, Angus Leach, 1
" Pair Mules, A McEachern, Jr, 1
" Single Mule, Master J A McKay, dip
2d best Do. J D McNeill,

CATTLE, SHEEP AND HOGS.

Best Bull, 3 yrs old, A A McNeill, $1
" " Calf, 11 mos old, Dr A D McLean, 1
" Milch Cow, H McNeill, (r s) 2
2d best Do. N T Monroe, 1
Best Heifer, 4 yrs old, H McNeill (r s) 50
2d best Do. 3 yrs old, do. do. 2
1 Yoke of Oxen, Daniel McNeill, 1
1 single Ox, A H Currie, 50
2 Beef Cattle, H McNeill (r s) 2
Best Buck, Merino, Jno C McMillan, 75
1 Ewe and twin Lambs, the Misses Smith, 50
Best pen of Ewes, A A McNeill, 25
" Lambs, do. do. 25
1 lot of sheep, N T Monroe, 3
Best sow and pigs, A D McLean, 1
2d best sow and pigs, Daniel McNeill, dip
1 pr Guinea pigs, Master G A McKay, 50
Best fat hog, H H Hodgin, 25
2d do do Daniel Biggs, dip
Lot of fat hogs, H McNeill, (R. S.)

POULTRY.

Best Shanghais, H McNeill, (R S) 25
" Polands, A E McLean, 25
" Bantams, C C Malloy, 25
" Spanish, H McNeill, (R. S.) 25
" Sumatra Games, " 25
" Half Game, " 25
" Duck-legged, " 25
Lot mixed Fowls, 25
Best pr Geese, Miss Catharine A McKay, 25
" Muscovy Ducks, Master W F Buie,

SALT PROVISIONS, DAIRY, FOOD, CONDIMENTS, &c.

A dozen Bacon Hams, Jno McNeill, 50
Best specimen Butter, Mrs W C McNeill, (B. M.) 25
2d do " " Mrs Jno McNeill, dip
2d do " " 3 years old, Miss Ann Smith, 25
Best specimen wheat starch, Mrs W C McNeill, (b m) 25
Best cooked ham, Mrs D McCallum, 50
corn bread, Mrs D McKay, 25
light loaf, Mrs D C McNeill, 25
fruit cake, " 50
mountain cake, " 50
sponge " Miss Mary E Smith, 25
jelly " Mrs Col McEachern, 25
whortleberry pie, Miss Kate A N McLean, 25
cranberry " Mrs Jas A Smith, 25
lemon pudding, " 25
jar apple jelly, Mrs A McEachern, Jr, 25
" peach preserves, Miss Diana McCallum, 25
" " " Miss Kate A McLean, 25
" " " Mrs Dr A D McLean, 25
" " " Mrs Col Smith, 25
" apple " Mrs Dr A D McLean, 25
" pumpkin " Mrs D McCallum, 25
" quince " Miss Kate A McLean, 25
" muskmelon " Mrs J A Smith, 25
" pear " Mrs D C McNeill, 25
" lemon sweetmeat, Mrs J A Smith, 25
wafers, Mrs Col Smith, 25
brandy pears, Mrs D C McNeill, 25
" peaches, Miss Diana McCallum, 25
jar ripe tomato preserves, Mrs Col McEachern, 25
Specimen dried apples, Mrs A McMillan, 25
" " peaches, 25
Tomato catsup, Miss Mary McCallum, 25
1 jar mango pickles, Mrs Col McEachern, 25
1 jar " " Miss Mag J McEachern, 25
" cayenne pepper pickles, Mrs J E Burns, 25
" cherry " " 25
" green " " 25
" mangoes, Mrs Col Smith, 25
1 glass cranberry jelly, Mrs Jas A Smith, 25
1 bottle scuppernong wine, Miss Mary McCallum, dip
" " " Mrs D C McNeill, 25
" blackberry " Mrs Dr A D McLean, 25
" " cordial, Mrs Jas A Smith, 25
" spirits sorgho sucre, J C McMillan, 25
" sugar cane syrup, Mrs N Buie, 25
1 jar honey, Miss Mary McCallum, dip

HORTICULTURE.

Best collard, Mrs D C McNeill, dip
2d best " Angus Leach, dip
Best specimen parsnips, Master G A McKay, dip
" radishes, Mrs J C Burns, dip
" eschelots, H McNeill, (r s) dip
" okra, " dip
Greatest variety of beans, dip
Specimen of beans, Mrs D C McNeill, dip
" " " dip
" gourds, Master W F Buie, dip
Vegetable beefsteak, Miss Diana McCallum, dip
Specimen pepper, Miss Margaret Smith, dip
Best variety of pepper, Miss Margaret E McNeill, dip
2d best " " H McNeill, (r s) dip
Best specimen apples, Miss Caroline McNeill, 25
" " " Jno C McMillan, 25
" " " W H Brown, 25
" " " Daniel B Smith, 25
" " " Jas A Smith, 25
" " " Miss Mary E Smith, 25
" " peas, D C McNeill, 25
Osage oranges, A Johnson, Fayetteville, 25

MECHANICS.

1 hand thresher, D McKay, $1
1 swift, D C McNeill, 25
1 hand loom, Wm H Hartman, $2
1 walking cane, Cyrus McNeill, $2
1 double-bladed cutting knife, Jno Campbell, $2
1 single-bladed " " $2
1 lot of grubbing hoes, $1

HOUSEHOLD FABRICS.

1 quilt, cotton, Miss Mag J McNeill, $1
" " Miss Mary J Stuart, dip
" " Miss Mary A McLauchlin, dip
" " Miss Maggie E McNeill, dip
Fancy quilt, Mrs Col McEachern, 25
" " dahlia, Miss Kate M McLean, 25
" " Miss Mary McCallum, $1
" " Mrs A McEachern, Jr, $1
" " Mrs J E Burns, dip
" " Miss Kate McArn, dip
" " Mrs H McNeill, (r s) dip
Best white counterpane, Mrs D C McNeill, $2
2d best " " Miss Mary A Smith, dip
1 worked " " Miss Eliza McCallum, $1
1 knit " Mrs P A McEachern, 50
1 woolen " Mrs W C McNeill, (b m) $2
" " " $1
" " Mrs W B Blake, $1
1 dark " " Mrs D McKay, dip
" " Miss Eliza McCallum, $1
1 em'd worsted " " Miss Mary A Smith, 50
1 napped cover, woolen, Mrs S P McNeill, $2
2 pr blankets, Mrs Col Smith, $2
1 pr " Miss Catharine McNeill, $1
1 piece blanketing, Mrs W C McNeill, (b m) 50
Best piece black jeans, Mrs Jno McNeill, $1
2d best " " Mrs J B McCallum, 50
1 piece drab " Mrs D C McNeill, 50
" mixed " 50
" linsey, plaid, Mrs A McMillan, 25
" cloth, swan skin, Mrs Jno McMillan, $2
" carpeting, Mrs Mary A Jolly, Moore co, 50
" " " 25
" " rag, Miss Mary E Smith, 25
1 pr socks, sea island cotton, Miss Mary E Smith, 25
1 pr " Mrs D C McNeill, dip
1 pr " N Buie, $1
1 coat, cut and made by herself, Mrs D McKay, 50
" Mrs D C McNeill, 50
" jeans, Mrs J B McCallum, 50
1 vest, Mrs D McKay, 50
1 pr pants, " 25
1 pr " Mrs D C McNeill, $1
2 shirts, Miss Mary J Smith, 50
1 " Miss Diana McCallum,

FANCY.

1 piece of embroidery, executed more than 50 years ago, Mrs M J Cromartie, Bladen, 50
1 piece embroidery, worsted, Miss Annie Johnson, Fay'le 50
Child's embr'd dress, Merino, Mrs M A Fuller, Fay 25
" " " Miss Kate M Ferguson, " 25
" " " Miss Sallie McEachern, 25
" braided " " " 25
" " " Miss Flora McQueen, 25
1 pr embroidered slippers, Miss Annie Johnson, Fay'le, " skirt, Mrs W B Blake, 25
Infant's " " 25
Embroid'd port folio, Miss Lizzie Sinclair, 25
" cushion, Miss Mary McCallum, 25
" " Miss Diana McCallum, 25
1 " collar, Miss Mag J McEachern, 50
" " Mrs Dr Dick, Guilford Co., 50
" " Miss Diana McCallum, 50
" " Miss Mary Sinclair, 50
2 transferred collars, Miss Effie McEachern, dip
1 " collar, " " " 50
2 morning collars, Miss Mary A McNeill, dip
1 worked collar, Miss Mary P Stuart, 25
1 table cover, orn'e wool, Mrs R E Troy, 25
1 tidy, Miss Ann Brown, dip
" crotchet, Miss Mag McLeod, 25
2 lamp mats, Miss Annie Johnson, Fayetteville, 25
1 candle mat, Miss Fannie Purcell, 50
1 lady's scarf, Miss Mag McLeod, 50
1 chain stitch apron, Miss Mollie E Hartman, 50
Sewing silk, domestic man. Mrs J E Burns, 50
1 pair under sleeves, Miss Mag J McEachern, 25
1 handkerchief, Miss Mag J McNeill, 25
1 watch guard, Miss Flora McQueen, 50
1 pr shell candle sticks, Mrs Col Smith, 50
1 pr " vases, Miss Mag McLeod, 25
1 wheat-straw hat, Miss Mary McCallum, 25
1 wire-grass " Mrs Dr A D McLean, 25
1 Horn Basket, Miss Mary McCallum, 25
1 corn " Miss J McRae, 25
1 wheel " Miss Mollie E Hartman, 25
1 doll, Miss Kate Taylor Smith, 25
1 piece needle-work, Miss Effie Morrison, 25
1 pr pillow slips, Miss Kattie McNeill, Richmond Co 25
1 pr " " Miss Mary A McNeill, dip
1 toilet cushion, Mrs Col Smith, 25
1 pin " Miss Kattie McNeill, 25
1 crotchet shawl, Miss Alden, Cumberland, 50

FLORICULTURE.

Best arranged boquet, Miss Harriet McEachern, 25
2d best " " Miss Mag J McNeill, 25
Basket of flowers, Miss Mary McCallum, 25
1 boquet Miss Mary E Smith, dip
1 jar flowers, Mrs J E Burns, dip
1 boquet, Miss Maggie E McNeill, dip
1 " G W DeKay, very pretty. 50

FINE ARTS.

1 piece painting on glass, W L Foulks, 25
" " " " dip
" " Miss Kate McNeill, 25
" " A A McNeill, dip
Card writing, J W Pearce, 50

TROTTING HORSES.

Best trotter, bay horse, time: 3 min. 50 sec. Dr T M Watson, $3
2d do. black horse, time: 3 min. 52 sec. not entitled to premium, D McLaurin.

The families contributing most largely to the Fair, were the following, viz: H. McNeill's, (R. S.) 27 articles; D. C. McNeill's, 23; Wm. C. McNeill's, (B. M.) 20; Jas. A. Smith, 16; D. McKay's, 16; the Misses McCallum, 14. The Executive Committee would congratulate the Society upon the entire success of the exhibition, the number of articles on exhibition being greater than that of any previous Fair.

The Annual Meeting of the Society, will be held at Red Springs, on Thursday, the 9th of Dec. next. All persons to whom Premiums have been awarded will please call for them on the day of the Annual Meeting. Those wishing fruit trees, will please make it known.

Nov. 27, 1858. 1t

JAS. N. SMITH,

DRUGGIST AND CHEMIST,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

AMERICAN, FRENCH AND ENGLISH

Chemicals, Drugs, Medicines,

GARDEN AND FIELD SEEDS, PERFUMERY,

Dye Stuffs, Liquors, Instruments, &c.

THE subscriber is now in receipt of large additions to his stock; to which he invites the attention of physicians, planters, and others.

JAS. N. SMITH, Market Square.

PATENT AXLE GREASE. For sale by JAS. N. SMITH.
Nov'r 8.

WHITE ZINC, White Lead, Paints, OILS, of every description. For sale by JAS. N. SMITH. 61itf
Nov'r 8.

GRASS SEED.

HERD'S GRASS; RED CLOVER.
For sale by JAS. N. SMITH. 65-itf
Nov'r 22.

MATCHES.

ROUND WOOD, WAX, and LOCOMOTIVE MATCHES.
For sale by JAS. N. SMITH. 65itf
Nov'r 22.

BURNING FLUID,

KEROSENE OIL. Just received and for sale by JAS. N. SMITH. 65itf
Nov'r 22.

MRS ALLEN'S and Wood's Hair Restoratives; Perfumery, Brushes, Pomatums; Colognes, Glycerine and other Soaps; Extracts, Toilet Powders, &c. For sale by JAS. N. SMITH.

MEDICAL Saddle-Bags, Pocket Cases CUPPING CASES; French, English and American Trusses; Flesh Brushes; Abdomenal Supporters; Shoulder Braces; Probangs; Syringes; Thermometers; Hydrometers for Sugar and Syrup; Forceps; Suspensory Bandages, &c. For sale by JAS. N. SMITH. 61itf
Nov'r 8, 1858.

YOUNGER'S SCOTCH ALE, warranted genuine. For sale by JAS. N. SMITH. 61itf
Nov'r 8.

WANTED.

A FIRST RATE MILCH COW. Also, to sell, two Dry Cows. Apply to E. J. HALE.
Nov'r 22.

AVON E. HALL,

Forwarding & Commission Merchant,

WILL give quick despatch to goods consigned to him. Particular attention given to all produce sent him for sale. Consignments of naval stores for sale or shipment, solicited.
Wilmington, June 10, 1858. 18-6mipd

A NEW YORKER'S ELECTION RALLY.

Faxon, of the Buffalo Republic, got off the following "load" last Tuesday on his own account:

VOTERS!

Only a few hours will intervene before you will be called upon to exercise your rights as freemen, and at the ballot-box state your preferences for rulers and officers.

BE PREPARED!

DON'T WEAR YOUR BEST CLOTHES!

Patriotism doesn't require the sacrifice of your other clothes for the sake of the Union.

ROLL UP YOUR TROWSERS AND GO IN.

VOTE EARLY!!!

VOTE FREQUENTLY!!!

VOTE OFTEN!!!

KEEP ON VOTING!!!

When you get well known at one Ward, go to another, but vote manfully, and for whom you like, and frequently—we insist, frequently.

DON'T VOTE FOR GENERAL JACKSON!

For he is dead.

RALLY! RALLY!! RALLY!!!

TO THE POLLS!

Save your country! Have you wives and children? Vote that those orphans may enjoy hereafter the political privileges you are enjoying, and let not the traitor and the treason strike them down. If they do hit, hit back—our whole human nature calls on you to hit back. We need not suggest hit hard when you hit.

See that the infirm are brought to the polls in one-horse wagons. Don't put the beggars on horseback—we need not remind our readers where they will go.

VOTE UNTIL SUNDOWN!

DON'T LOSE A CHANCE!

PUT IN ALL THE VOTES YOU CAN!

GO IT! GO IT!! GO IT!!!

Swear in your votes! If you can't swear your votes in, swear at the inspectors of election. Have a swear at somebody, at all events.

VOTE ALWAYS!

Never mind your dinner or supper, but stay at the polls and vote.

DRINK CONSIDERABLY!

The more you drink, the better you will feel. Moreover the candidates pay for the liquor. See that there is nothing left over, therefore.

In conclusion we would say,

CONTINUE VOTING ALL DAY!!!!

Japanese Juggling.—Extract from a U. S. Naval officer's letter from Japan to the Philadelphia Ledger:—

"Mr. Harris (U. S. Consul General) speaks most interestingly of the feats of the jugglers, and of the theatres of Yeddo, as well as of the extensive stores. He says that the Prince of Cinano, (Cinano-no-Kami,) to whose particular care it seems the Emperor confided his comfort and amusement, fancying that he was having a dull time in the immense house that had been appropriated to him, called up some of his jugglers to perform before him and help him to pass it. One of them was the "Anderson" of Japan—his feats were so wonderful that I am almost afraid to write them. I wish it distinctly understood, therefore, that I am only repeating *what Mr. Harris told us*, and *what we consequently believe*. Here are some of his feats:

No. 1 He took an ordinary boy's top, spun it in the air, caught it on his hand, and then placed it (still spinning) upon the edge of a sword near the hilt. Then he dropped the sword point a little and the top moved slowly toward it. Arrived at the very end, the hilt was lowered in turn and the top brought back. As usual, the sword was dangerously sharp.

No. 2 was also performed with the top. He spun it in the air, and then threw the end of the string back toward it with such accuracy that it was caught up and wound itself already for a second cast. By the time it had done this it had reached his hand and was ready for another spin.

No 3 was still performed with the top. There was an upright pole, upon the top of which was perched a little house with a very large front door. The top was spun, made to climb the pole, knock open the said front door, and disappear. As well as I remember the hand end of the string was fastened near the door, so that this was almost a repetition of the self-winding feat.

But feat No. 4 was something even more astonishing than this. He took two paper butterflies, armed himself with the usual paper fan, threw them into the air, and fanning gently, kept them flying about him as if they had been alive.

"He can make them alight wherever you wish. Try him!" remarked the kami (prince) through the interpreter.

Mr. H—— requested that one might alight upon each ear of the juggler. No sooner expressed than complied with. Gentle undulations of the fan waved them slowly to the required points, and there left them comfortably seated. Now, whether this command over pieces of paper was obtained simply by currents of air, or by the power of a concealed magnet, Mr. H—— could not tell or ascertain. One thing however was certain—*the power was there.*"

Japanese Merchants.—Speaking of the stores of Yeddo, Mr. H—— observed that we would be surprised at their size, at their contents, and at their great number of salesmen each of whom had his dozen or more shop-boys standing behind him to execute his orders. "Upon entering the immense building you see no goods at all," he said. They are all stored in fire-proof buildings in the rear. When a customer enters and asks for anything, the sales-man orders the shop-boys, the shop-boys apply at the fire-proof, the keeper of the fire-proof checks against each one that which he takes, the salesman makes his sale, each shop-boy returns to the fire-proof his part of what remains, and at night the salesman accounts to his employer for the difference. Thus is business conducted in the large houses of Japan."

Letter from a Naval Officer.

The Captured Africans.—Despatches have been received from Captain Chauncey, of the Niagara, dated at Porto Grande, October 22, from which we learn that forty-five of the captured Africans had died during the passage to that place. It was found impossible to break up the filthy habits of the negroes, which greatly tended to spread the ravages of disease. Remonstrance was unavailing. Those portions of the ship allotted to them, in spite of every effort to keep them cleanly, had become almost a pest-house, filling the air with pestilential vapors.

Washington Union.

A Singular Fact.—A reliable man informs us that there is not an unmarried man in Yarmouth. The girls on the Cape, the Vineyard, and down to Nantucket, are not so particular about their satins, and silks, &c., and consequently go off like hot cakes. A smart, modest woman, in a neat calico, is more attractive to a sensible man than those splendid advertisements of the milliner shops.—*N. B. Mercury.*

Important Item.—Judge Buel kept poultry in winter more than two months in a perfect state of preservation, by filling them, after they were dressed, with powdered charcoal, and then hanging them in an airy loft.

Evils of an Elective Judiciary.—The evils of an elective judiciary are becoming so prominent every where that the hope may be reasonably indulged that a cure is not far distant. If the complaint of our ancestors was well founded that the King of England "had made judges dependent on his will alone for the tenure of their offices and the amount and payment of their salaries," and therefore one of the causes of revolution, is the evil less now, when judges are dependent on the good will of intriguing politicians, and often upon excited multitudes, who are led off by the rather impious assumption that "the voice of the people is the voice of God?" Let any candid man give attention to the subject, and say whether Dr. Hawks did not, in his Thanksgiving sermon on Thursday, depict the evil in just and forcible terms. He said:

"But the system is also fatal to purity in the administration of justice. No one whose duties have made him experimentally acquainted with judicial proceedings can fail to know the constant risk of injustice when he who presides over and dispenses the law on a trial is permitted in any mode, direct or indirect, to be under personal obligation to any suitor that comes before the court. If it were sought on the part of a suitor to create such obligation by a direct bribe or by purchase, in the shape of a costly present discreetly or secretly bestowed, the iniquity would be equally plain and punishable; but bribes are not necessarily in the shape of money or presents; obligation may be created by electioneering services and votes; and he who has conferred and he who has received such obligation alike know that a reward is expected; and human virtue, alas! is not always strong enough to disappoint such expectation."

But the dependence is not even upon the will of the people, calmly and legally expressed. The tenure of office of a judge depends upon a caucus, a fragment of the elective body, the self-appointed arbiter of every judge's fate. If there was the slightest hope that by getting back to the old system an independent judiciary could be secured, a Convention ought to be called, if for that reason only. When the fountains of justice become impure, life and property are at hazard, and the word independence is but a term of reproach. There is nothing substantial or respectable in its utterance or its use.—*N. Y. Cor. Nat. Int.*

Banking Schemes.—An association of gentlemen connected with trade have been holding weekly meetings in New York for some time past, and have made a long report upon the currency question. They propose some important reforms in banking, and a repeal of all laws against usury; that all the capital of banks shall be paid up in specie before commencing business, and that none of them be allowed to let their specie fall below twenty per cent. of their immediate liabilities, exclusive of their circulating notes; and that no loans be allowed on their own stock. They further propose that the circulation of all bank notes of a less denomination than ten dollars be suppressed by means of a tax or stamp duty to be levied by Congress; and that the government of the United States, through its different treasuries, receive gold from the people, and issue receipts or certificates of deposite therefor, in sums not less than $100. Radical changes these.

Post Office Drafts.—A letter from Washington, to the Baltimore *American*, says:

The Postmaster General will recommend a plan for sending small sums of money through the mails, by drafts of the Department, upon the basis of that now successful and so popular in England. The returns to the dead letter office show that large amounts are annually misdirected, from the want of some system which would be accessible to the classes who are ignorant of the modes of ordinary transmission. The introduction of some scheme of this sort has been long needed, and almost any steps in that direction would be received with favor as a beginning.

The Democracy taking Ground against Manifest Destiny.—The influential Democratic correspondent of the Baltimore Sun writes, under date of Nov. 22:—

"The attention of the country, and in fact of the civilized world, is drawn at the present time to the wretched condition of Mexico. It puts Europe says the London Times, in humor with the theory of annexation—meaning to the United States. This solution might be a convenient one for England and all nations that have commerce with Mexico and capital invested in her mines or her funds; but for the United States it would be a source of perplexity and plague. It would be like fastening a dead and putrid body to a living and active one. Gov. Hammond, in his late speech, has dissipated the idea that slavery can be profitably extended over Mexico. Mexico, in the present state of things, could not avail herself of our aid, nor does she desire it."

A South Carolina Democrat a follower of Black Dan! The Millenium at Hand!—Hon. J. L. Orr, of S. C., Speaker of the House of Representatives, arrived in Washington on Friday, and on Saturday evening was honored with a serenade at his hotel. He was called out and made a brief speech, and concluded with the remark: "I thank you heartily for this expression of your kind feelings towards me, and permit me, in addressing you perhaps for the last time, to conclude with a quotation from the great Webster:—"Liberty and Union, now and forever, one and inseparable!" [Loud and long continued cheering.]

The tobacco trade of Virginia, including manufactured and unmanufactured, amounts to near $20,000,000; of this about $10,000,000 belongs to the city of Richmond. The tobacco trade of Virginia is said to be nearly double the value of the flour produced in that State.

NOTICE.—From and after this date no name of a new subscriber will be entered on our list without payment in advance, nor will the paper be sent to such subscribers for a longer time than is paid for.

Such of our old subscribers as desire to take the paper on this system will please notify us when making remittances. We hope thus in a few years to have our whole list advance paying. January 1, 1858.

GLUE! GLUE!!

20 BARRELS DISTILLER'S GLUE. For sale by S. J. HINSDALE.
August 9. 35tf

FRESH TEAS,

JUST RECEIVED and for sale by S. J. HINSDALE.

KEROSENE OIL.

Advance in Price.

I AM now selling Kerosene Oil AT $1 75 PER GALLON, the 'Kerosene Oil Company' having advanced their price on the 10th inst.
S. J. HINSDALE.
Nov'r 15. 68-

Cod Liver Oil Jelly,

FOR sale by S. J. HINSDALE.
Nov'r 1. 59-tf

ONE DAY LATER FROM EUROPE.

ST. JOHN'S, Nov. 24.

The *Prince Albert* with Liverpool dates to the 11th has arrived. Her news is unimportant.

Mr. Whitehouse has written another letter on the subject of the cable, reiterating his former conviction, that it may yet be made available.

A serious insurrection has occurred in Turkey in Asia.

A despatch from Madrid says the Mexican difficulty must be settled in a manner suitable to the dignity of Spain. Hostilities are anticipated.

It was estimated that the sales of cotton on the day the *Prince Albert* sailed, would reach 6,000 bales. Closed steady.

Success of the Tehuantepec Route.—A telegraphic despatch from New Orleans dated the 20th, informs us that the steamer Quaker City had arrived in the Mississippi, with California news to the 5th instant, making the time from San Francisco in just fifteen days. The mails and passengers crossed the Isthmus in forty hours.

This triumphant opening of the Tehauntepec highway to the Pacific is a glorious epoch in the history of our inter-State harmony. It brings our Pacific States a week nearer to the Mississippi—"the silver cord that binds together the bread-giving North to the cotton growing South."

The only obstacle to the full and successful developement of this short route to our Pacific States was the state of the harbors at the termini. This objection is now ascertained to be perfectly removeable, and the statesmanship which has secured to our people the shortest and best path to the Pacific will soon complete the work by indicating and securing to our trade free, safe, and excellent harbors at the termini. Altogether, the opening of the Tehauntepec route is one of the most important measures of this day of enterprise and progress.—*States.*

Odd Fellowship.—The Grand Lodge was in session at Newbern last week. The officers for the next year are: John Sloan, of Greensborough, R. W. Grand Master; W. H. Clarke, of Elizabeth City, D. Grand Master; Thomas M. Gardner, of Wilmington, R. W. Grand Secretary; R. J. Jones, R. W. G. Treasurer; Wm. Edwards, R. W. Grand Warden, and Rev. A. Paul Repiton, R. W. Grand Chaplain.

The revenue for the last year was $10,330.05. Initiated during the past year, 142; rejected, 16; admitted by card, 20; re-instated, 5; suspended, 165; expelled, 31; deaths, 21; Past Grands in the jurisdiction, 286; contributing members, 1256.

The next meeting of the Grand Lodge will assemble in the town of Statesville, on the 4th Tuesday in November 1859.

What they do in Hillsboro'.—A Hillsboro' correspondent writes to the Newbern Progress on the 22d inst, that "To day is the first day of our county court and the streets of old muddy Hillsboro' are filled with seekers after justice and whiskey, the latter being the most desirable object under present circumstances.

Trade seems chiefly confined to pint ticklers and five cents worth of soda, generally wound up by a request for a "chew of manufactured tobacco." True, sometimes some of the feminine gender gladden the streets with their presence, and pretty specimens of femininity too, for which Hillsboro' is so noted. But alas! like a vapor they vanish, and mud, *mud*, mud, is all that is presented to the eye."

Great Sale of Negroes.—At the public sale, says the Wadesboro' Argus, which was had on the 16th and 17th inst., of the effects of F. L. Alsobrook, in Chesterfield District, S. C., twenty six negroes were disposed of as follows:

	Age.	Price.		Age	Price.
John	22	$1,315	Sarah	8	$400
Nelson	48	1,627	Boney	5	630
Amos	36	1,726	Julia	not given	730
George	28	1,695	Minerva	"	848
Jerry	25	1,200	Martha	"	910
Wade	18	1,205	Martin	"	706
Peter	16	1,185	Rose	"	1,032
Joe	12	1,055	Minor and 2 chil.		1,255
Sam	12	1,075	Mary and 2 chil.		1,342
Bob	10	768	Woman and child		909
Charles	10	650			

High Prices for Negroes.—At a sale of negroes last week, in Milton, N. C., a negro man (by no means a No. 1 hand) sold for $1400. A woman (unsound) brought $1,045, and a child three years old was knocked off at $500. Other negroes brought corresponding prices.

Bank of Wadesboro'.—On Tuesday, 84 shares of the stock of this Bank were sold at private sale at 25 per cent. premium, cash.—*Argus.*

Insane.—Mr. Plunket, the Sheriff of Cabarrus county, N. C., was brought to Raleigh on Friday last and placed in the Insane Asylum. The duties of his office, it is said, were probably the chief cause of his derangement.—*Pet. Express.*

Hogs in Asheville.—The Asheville (N. C.) News, of the 18th, says there are now several droves on the river below, "dragging their greasy proportions to market." The price generally asked is about six and a half cents, gross.

Ohio.—Interesting agricultural statistics of Ohio have been published by the State Agricultural Society. There are $7,000,000 worth of hogs in the State; $5,000,000, worth of sheep; $21,000,000 worth of cattle; $18,500,000 worth of mules and asses, and 750,000 horses worth $45,000,000. The total annual value of agricultural products reaches $153,000,000.

Change in the Cabinet.—Atlanta (Ga.) *Intelligencer*, of Tuesday last, has it from high authority that the Hon. Howell Cobb, now Secretary of the Treasury, has accepted the position of Minister to France.

Death of a Distinguished Man.—The Paris papers announce the death of the Hon. Benjamin F. Butler, of New York, and Attorney General of the United States under the administration of General Jackson. He sailed from New York but a few weeks ago, with his family, with a view of spending a couple of years in Europe.

Death of a Member of Congress.—The Hon. Thos. L. Harris, Representative in Congress from Illinois, died at Chicago on the 24th inst.

Cotton Burned.—A fire occurred on Saturday night in the Cotton sheds of W. F. Mason, and Armour & Bills, near Memphis, and destroyed 839 bales of Cotton belonging to Gill & Blythe, with a total loss of $50,000.

New York Real Estate.—The increasing value of real estate in New York city is shown in the fact that one hundred and twenty-three lots on Madison and Fifth avenues, which sold in November, 1843, for forty-two thousand dollars, is now set down at what is deemed a reasonable estimate, at eight hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

Cotton in California.—The experiment of raising cotton had been tried successfully in a garden at Diamond Springs, Eldorado county. The fibre is said to be fine, soft, and silky, and white as the driven snow. It has been compared favorably with a fair quality of upland.

There are about ninety-seven thousand adults, in the State of New York, who can neither read nor write.

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE.

MONDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 29, 1858.

DR. HAWKS'S HISTORY OF NORTH CAROLINA.—A distinguished citizen of the State, whose pursuits have for many years been of a literary character, in writing to us on business, adds as follows:

"Placing before us first the entire series of records, and other documents and papers, on which the story is founded, each of Dr. Hawks's chapters is a concise and clear summing up of the ascertained facts of history, and the reader feels almost as much pleasure in examining the evidence, step by step, on which the argument is constructed, as in reading the eloquent narrative proceeding from and out of it. Character to States is as important as to individuals. Men must be proud of their country or they will not love it. Individuals are not sparing of their money when its expenditure is necessary to the vindication of character, and our State will pursue a most indiscreet course if she does not extend such patronage to Dr. Hawks as shall not only encourage but almost compel him to proceed with his work, and complete it upon the magnificent scale indicated by the volumes before us. To this end it is very desirable, if not indispensable, that a portion of his time should be passed among us. It is impossible for any man to do full justice to our revolutionary history without access to "persons and papers" to be found nowhere else than in North Carolina.

"The General Assembly thirty years ago authorised the raising of $20,000 by way of lottery, to enable Judge Murphy to publish our history. Beyond a subscription by the State Library for 25 copies of his work, nothing on the part of the public has been done or attempted for Dr. Hawks. The State of New York has placed a copy of Lossing's Pictorial Field Book of the Revolution in the Library of each Common School in that State. Our own State ought to patronize her own authorised History to this extent at least."

We regret to say that our usually accurate correspondent is in error in one particular. The State Library never did so extravagant a thing as to subscribe for 25 copies, nor indeed for any copies, of Hawks's History. We have it from undoubted authority, however, that *three* copies of each volume have been purchased for that Library. This is *encouraging*, especially in view of some things we might tell of gentlemen in this town, in Newbern, and still more in Wilmington, who affixed their names to subscription papers agreeing to take the volumes as they were issued at a certain price, and when our agent tendered them the 2d volume *at a lower price than they had agreed to pay*, refused to take it, on the ground that the price is *too high!* This is what we call repudiation on a small scale.

As some persons appear to be uninformed as to the relative cost of getting up books, we propose to state a few facts in relation thereto.

Any publisher can print a Bible, and as many hundreds of thousands as his presses can throw off, with a perfect certainty that he can sell every one of them. He pays no copy-right, and is at no expense in collecting materials for his book. The whole outlay is in type, paper, and binding. That book, owing to all these causes, can be afforded at a very low price. So also can such works as Harper's Magazine, of which nearly 200,000 are sold. And so can any book which has the whole country or the whole world for its field of circulation. But when a book is published whose circulation must necessarily be limited to a small section, the case is different. The North Carolina Supreme Court Reports, for instance, no one of which volumes contains as much matter as the 2d volume of Hawks's History, sell at from $3 to $7 per volume; and this, too, notwithstanding the State pays from $500 to $1000 towards the printing of each volume. These Reports have a limited circulation. So also has Hawks's History. Its sale must necessarily be almost confined to the limits of the State itself. If 10,000 copies, or even 5,000 copies, could be sold, the price would be materially less than that at which it is now published. But the sale is necessarily limited. Dear as some persons pronounce it, the fact is that *we have not yet been repaid, by several hundred dollars, for our actual expenses in publishing the 1st volume*, the price of which was only $1 25, and from all appearances *the balance of outlay over sales for the 2d volume is likely to be much greater.* All of which is entirely irrespective of the author's expenses in procuring materials.

The reader may well ask why, under such circumstances, Dr. Hawks continues to write and we to print? Perhaps it may be thought that it is very foolish, but we can assign no other reason for the Doctor or ourselves than a love for our native State. His tastes led him, at the expense of thousands of dollars, to collect historical materials. He paid in London, for instance, more than a hundred dollars for a single small volume containing such materials for the History of North Carolina. His patriotism induced him to spend weeks, and months, and years, of an otherwise sufficiently busy and laborious life, in preparing those materials for the press. Could we do less, when applied to by him, than to spend money lavishly in publishing the results of so much outlay of money and labor, when we knew, too, that *his* desire was not to make money out of it, but simply to lay an offering in the lap of his mother, to whom he is devoted with a love "passing the love of women"? No: we are proud to have our names connected with such a work, by such an author. And as long as he will write, we will print, life and means being spared us. We confess that we sometimes feel sad at the reflection, that all other States but our own assist in such works, and that *their* people would probably be ashamed to repudiate a contract, particularly a contract for such a purpose, because it cost them a shilling or two more than they expected, (though *less* than they agreed,) to keep their faith. But away with such thoughts. We know

IMPORTANT AND TIMELY.—We call particular attention to the annexed very important article, to insert which promptly we exclude far less valuable editorials already in type.

Can the Legislature of North Carolina, selected for intelligence and patriotism above their neighbors, resist such accumulated and accumulating evidence of the vast value of the Deep River mineral region? Surely not—surely not. Here is a private individual, a foreigner, no way interested in North Carolina, who is willing to lend $26,000 upon the security of probably a thousandth part of this great property. Will not the State lend $600,000 to make it *all* available?

In this connection we may mention as current report, which we have reason to believe is true, that Dr. A. J. DeRosset, Jun. (to whom the letter below is addressed, and than whom there is no more patriotic citizen or intelligent and enterprizing merchant in the State,) has recently bought one of the richest tracts in the iron region, lying in Harnett county, near Buckhorn Falls, formerly the property of Jas. Battle, dec'd, and more recently of Mr. Arrington. This is one of the tracts visited by Mr. Gammell, along with Dr. DeRosset.

From the Raleigh Standard of Saturday.

The Mineral Deposits in Chatham County.—We invite the attention of our readers, and especially the attention of the members of the Legislature, to the following letters from a practical and experienced gentleman, in relation to the mineral deposits of the Deep River Valley in this State. The importance of reaching these deposits by means of transportation, and of thus bringing them forth for use by the world, cannot be overstated:

NEW YORK, Nov. 15, 1858.

Dr. DeRosset:—*Dear Sir:*—Mr. Brown invited me yesterday to give you my ideas of the capabilities of the deposits in Chatham county for the various branches of manufacture in which the coal, iron ore, clays, sands, &c., may be used that are found there in such extraordinary quantities and qualities.

The first and most prominent of these is the manufacture of iron. In this branch I have put in writing some memoranda for use of friends in Baltimore, and hand you a copy herewith. This, you will observe, is exclusively confined to pig iron, and from my knowledge of the manufacture of it in Scotland, from similar materials as we saw around us in our tour of inspection, I speak with confidence that the article can be made thus: It will take 4 tons of blackband ore, raw, to make one ton of pig at a cost of $2 40, say 2 40

It will take 2½ tons of coal to melt, heat the heater, and fire the engines, say at 60 cts. per ton.	1 35
Limestone for Flues, say 10 cwt. at $3 per ton,	1 50
Labor at furnace, engine, &c., (50 per ct. more than in Scotland,)	2 00
Incidental charges, wear and tear, interest, salaries, &c.,	75
The pig iron would not cost over per ton,	$8 00

Two furnaces erected on Scotch principle capable of each making 200 or 250 tons per week; this is the usual make of Scotch furnaces with the latest improvements to make iron from blackband ore, and it far exceeds in quantity the produce of any furnaces on this continent, and also the produce of furnaces in other parts of Europe, where they are not blessed with the blackband.

The consequence is that Scotch pig iron costs less than any produced in the world. But in Chatham county the proximity of the coal to the ore is more favorable than in Scotland, and there a lordship is paid for the coal of 1 shilling (25 cts.) per ton. These two facts far more than counterbalance the extra price that will be paid for white labor, and pig iron can be made cheaper in Chatham than in Scotland.

To manufacture pig iron into Railroad or merchant bars, costs with us, (in Scotland) including profit to manufacturer, about in round numbers, double the price of the pig—that is to say, if a manufacturer pays 60 shillings per ton for his pig, he can afford to sell his bars with a handsome profit at £6 per ton, provided he does not pay more than 4s. to 4s. 6d per ton for his coal. In Chatham county, the coals can be mined for 60 cts. per ton, and bars can be made much cheaper than in Scotland.

For reasons I stated to you verbally, I would not choose to identify myself with any other branch of iron manufacture than pig, although all the other branches which will grow out of the supply of pig iron, such as bars, plates, rods, locomotives, &c., will hold out most tempting inducements to people from Pennsylvania, &c., to locate themselves with their capital where they will find such cheap and good iron and coal.

Then the command of cheap pig will attract founders to the region, for manufacture of pipes and other castings. In Glasgow a founder does a good business if he pays 60s. for his pig and gets 85s. for his large pipes. Brooklyn is using just now 30,000 tons of water pipes for which the corporation pay about $41 per ton—these could have been made in North Carolina at $8 per ton for the iron and $6 to $7 for casting—say $15 per ton.

The specular, magnetic and hematite ores are of such richness, purity and quality, and the coal is of such a quality, and such splendid coke can be made from it, and there is such an abundance of wood to make charcoal, that it is my belief that blooms, steel and wire can be made cheaper and of as good quality as are to be found in the world.

The blooms Mr. Paton intends to make on the Tyler property he informs me will not cost more than $20 per ton, and they will bring now in N. York $65 to $75 per ton. A few months will suffice to prove the quality of the singular natural calcined blackband ore we saw on this property and its fitness to make blooms. Mr Paton is most sanguine that it will be found perfectly suitable, and if so, a very large fortune will be the consequence to himself and partners.

I am not certain that it will be found profitable or desirable to extract the oil from the blackband ore at Egypt, but there can be little doubt that the coal will give an ample and very large return of Kerosene oil, and this article is one in very large consumption, and it can be purified on the spot or made into Benzole or Perraphim. I was told that the region abounded in clay and sands for pottery and glass, and from the cheapness and quality of the coal these articles can be as cheaply manufactured there as at any place on this continent or in Europe.

I have put down my ideas very roughly and hurriedly, and if you make use of them to forward the means of access to the region, whether by the river or by railroad, or both, I must trust to you to put them into a more readable shape.

I am, dear sir, yours truly,
WM. GAMMELL.

FACTS REGARDING THE MINERAL DEPOSITS ON DEEP RIVER, N. C.

1. The Coal is of a quality equal to the best Newcastle coal, and the best for making gas, for which purposes it would net in New York from $6 to $7 per ton.
2. It is very easy to work, and free of faults.
3. It is admirably suitable for smelting iron, being free from sulphur.
4. Blackband iron ore overlies and underlies the coal, and can be mined from the same pits and openings.
5. The blackband is in deposits 18 inches and 6 feet thick, and of a better quality than any found in Scotland, containing such a large proportion of carbon, and of so peculiar a character, that from 12 to 16 gallons of Kerosene oil can be extracted from it while it is being calcined, to fit it for the blast furnace. 6 to 16 inches is the usual thickness of the blackband iron ore in Scotland.
6. Hematite iron ore, clay band, and also magnetic iron ores, are in enormous deposits within 10 miles of the coal and blackband.
7. Pig iron can be made from the above deposits, of a quality superior to any made in Scotland—in any quantity, and at a price less than in Scotland, the proximity of the minerals to each other more than compensating for the higher wages paid for mining.
8. The Deep River flows through the region, and its products can be conveyed to the seaboard, from $1 to $1 10 per ton.
9. The lands can be procured at prices not much higher than agricultural lands; and every acre of the mineral land is, I consider, worth 10 acres of the Big Vein Coal lands in Cumberland [Maryland.] It may be called a virgin region.
10. Commander Wilkes, of the U S Navy, was ordered to report to the gov't at Washington as to the advantages of establishing a national foundry in the region, their attention having been drawn to it by Prof. Emmons, the State Geologist's report, and Dr. Jackson's of Boston. Com. Wilkes, with a staff of four men, spent some weeks in the region, and he has just completed his Report, to be presented to the Senate when it meets. He speaks in the most unequivocal terms of its advantages, and indicates the locality for the proposed establishments.

I have no interest whatever, either direct or indirect, in North Carolina. I visited the region at the instance of friends, who are the principal proprietors of the Governor's Creek Co., and to whom I have engaged to loan $26,000 on the security of their property, if, after personal examination, I was satisfied with the security. The result is, that I found the region exceeded, in value and importance, the representations made to me.

I am satisfied that pig iron can be made at a cost of $9 per ton, in Chatham county, on the banks of Deep River. $15,000 would suffice to buy enough of mineral lands to supply two furnaces with materials for some generations. It would suffice to sink the pits and erect two furnaces on the Scotch principle, and as the minerals are the same as in Scotland, the plans ought to be imported from thence. The two furnaces could make 400 to 500 tons a week, say 20,000 tons per annum, at a cost of about $200,000. Price in New York and Boston, varies from $22 to $28 per ton.

I am willing to become one of a private partnership (not a joint account company,) to take up such an enterprize as I have indicated. I will organize the business, and if sufficient inducement is developed, I will manage it afterwards.

WM. GAMMELL.

Baltimore, Nov. 3, 1858.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF N. CAROLINA.

In the Senate, on Tuesday last, Mr. Humphrey introduced a resolution instructing the committee on propositions and grievances to consider the expediency of keeping up the public highways by taxation. Adopted.

The bill to provide for lighting the Capitol with gas was defeated by a large majority.

Mr. Gilmore introduced a series of resolutions relative to the commission on a National Foundry, [Naval Shops] which lately visited the State. At the suggestion of Mr. Ashe, he briefly stated the objects of the resolutions to be to give a public expression in approbation of the object, as connected with this State; for he had the satisfaction of believing, from the information of a well-informed gentleman, that the report of that commission would be highly favorable to the State. He would, however, adopt the amendment of Mr. Ashe, and ask to lay the resolution informally on the table for the present.

Mr. Donnell introduced a bill to enlarge the powers of married women over their estates in certain cases. Referred to committee on the judiciary, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Eduey, a bill to provide for the appointment of tax collectors in the several counties of the State, and for other purposes. Referred to committee on the judiciary, and ordered to be printed.

On Wednesday, Mr. Worth, from the committee on finance, submitted a report on the Treasurer's accounts, stating them all to be correct.

Mr. Gilmore's resolutions were adopted and ordered to be printed. They are as follows:—

"RESOLUTIONS approving the naval commission of the U. S. appointed to examine the Coal Fields, and for other purposes.

Resolved unanimously, That the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, hereby approve the Naval Commission, by which the Coal Fields on Deep River were recently examined by Com. Wilkes and others, in reference to a suitable location for Government Machine Shops for the manufacture of Machinery for the United States Navy.

Resolved, further, That should the report of said Commissioners be favorable to said location that our Senators in Congress are hereby instructed, and our Representatives requested, to use all proper means for the speedy establishment of the same, and to press upon the attention of the government the practicability and advantages of establishing a National Foundry at the Coal Fields on Deep River."

In the House of Commons, on Tuesday and Wednesday, we note the following in addition to what was reported in our last:

The committee on finance reported that the public Treasurer's accounts have been carefully examined and found correct.

The committee on propositions and grievances reported in favor of the passage of the Yadkin and Pee Dee River bill.

A joint committee was raised, to which was referred that portion of the Governor's message relative to the non-payment of the dividend due by the N. C. Railroad.

Mr. Hall of Warren, offered a resolution, that the committee on privileges and elections be directed to inquire whether W. P. Taylor, of Chatham, is not a clergyman or preacher of the Gospel, and also inquire whether W. H. A. Speer, of Yadkin, and W. H. Brummel, of Davidson, have the necessary land qualification to sit as members in the House of Commons. Said committee to have power to send for persons and papers.

Mr. Hall said a sense of justice to the people urged him to offer the resolution. When he came he was desirous to conciliate the opposition; but when he saw the disposition to throw obstacles in the way of legislation, he was determined to include the opposition within the same inquiry proposed on yesterday, which he considered an attempt to persecute young members. He asked why did they not include their own friends in the inquiry, who were equally disqualified with those attacked on his side of the House.

Mr. T. R. Caldwell would do his duty regardless of party feeling, and hoped the resolution would pass unanimously.

Mr. Hall wished to know why the gentlemen included in his resolution were not included in the one offered by Mr. Waddill?

Mr. T. R. Caldwell explained, and repeated his former statement.

Mr. Taylor was ready to submit his qualifications to the House, and would be ready to resign his seat if considered ineligible.

Mr. Waddill explained at some length his motives for bringing forward the resolution alluded to by Mr. Hall, and stated there was a democratic member behind him also a minister of the Gospel, (he alluded to Mr. Byrd, of Yancy.)

After a few remarks from Mr. Scales, the resolution was unanimously adopted.

Mr. Walser offered a resolution that the Speaker appoint a select committee to investigate the manner in which the Sheriffs of several counties of the State made their last settlement.

Mr. Dixon offered a resolution that the committee on privileges and elections be instructed to inquire whether Messrs. Waddill, A. B. F. Galther, and W. H. A. Speer, have not been guilty of treating with meat and drink before or on the day of election, and report thereon.

Mr. Benbury was on the committee, and felt anxious to do his duty impartially. He hoped the resolution would be made broad enough to cover an inquiry to the mover's own case, and hoped the member would appear before the committee and substantiate his charge.

Mr. Gaither, of Iredell, considered the resolution was intended to cast a slur and stigma upon him, and was proceeding to denounce the attempt, when he was promptly called to order by the Speaker, and sat down.

Mr Waddill was willing to stand investigation, but thought the expense would be greater than the Treasury of the State could well bear.

On motion of Mr. Outlaw, the resolution was laid on the table—yeas 80, nays 33.

The Speaker announced the following Committees:

On Library—Messrs. Moore, of Chatham, Outlaw and Shaw.

On Public Buildings and Grounds—Messrs. R. K. Bryan, Simonton and Bullock.

On Sheriff Returns—Messrs. Walser, Shaw, Wilson, Gaither, of Davie, and Sherrill.

Condensed from Saturday's Standard.

Neither House was in session on Thursday, Thanksgiving Day.

In the Senate, on Friday, Mr. Boyd introduced a bill to provide for running and marking the dividing line between this State and Virginia.

Mr. Thomas, to authorize County Courts to establish or abolish jury trials at their discretion.

Mr. Houston, to suppress faro banks, by enabling officers to procure evidence. At present it is necessary that the officers should have sworn information before taking any steps. His bill proposed to give officers power to summon and examine persons on oath—such persons not to testify against the 'betters,' but the 'dealers.' It was notorious that faro was dealt in the City, and he wished it put down as it was thought that the Legislature connived at it.

Messrs. Thomas, Steele and Gorrell spoke in favor of the bill; Mr. Turner against it, and in favor of more stringent measures. He thought that dealers and betters should be whipped. That was the only means by which this nuisance could be stopped. It was of no use to make a descent upon the places; for when you had broken down the door the first person you saw, in all likelihood would be a magistrate.

After much discussion the bill was amended so as to extend to other nuisances; passed 2d reading and referred to Judiciary committee.

Mr. Turner's bill to abolish free-hold qualifications for jurors was unanimously rejected. On a reconsideration, Mr. Turner spoke at length in favor of the bill and Mr. Houston against it. The bill was then rejected 26 to 14, as follows:—

Aye.—Messrs. Bledsoe, Brown, Davis, Douthitt, Gilmore, Guyther, Humphrey, Leach, McDonald, Miller, Pool, Ramsay, Straughn, Turner—14.

No.—Messrs. Blount, Boyd, Carmichael, Cowper, Cunningham, Davidson, Dillard, Dobson, Donnell, Eduey, Gorrell, Houston, Lankford, Martin, McDowell, Mills, Person, Pitchford, Reinhardt, Steele, Thomas, Walkup, Ward, Whitaker, Williams and Worth—26.

In the Commons, on Friday, Mr. Kerr introduced a bill to settle cheaply and expeditiously questions arising out of the revenue laws.

Mr. McKay, to authorize the majority of acting justices of Cumberland county court to appoint a special term for said county.

Mr. Daney, to amend the constitution so as to make Jews eligible to office.

The bill to aid in the construction of the Western railroad, on motion of Mr. McKay, was made the order of the day for Thursday next at twelve o'clock.

Latest—From our Reporter.

RALEIGH, Nov. 27.

In the Senate, to-day, happened perhaps the most brilliant discussion of the session. Mr. Turner introduced a preamble and resolution censuring the President for turning persons out of office in Illinois because they favored Douglas. Mr. Turner spoke upon it and poured some pretty hot shot into the Democratic party, its policy, &c. Hon. Bedford Brown replied, with as much fervor and earnestness as if just in his prime. It created considerable interest, the gallery being full of ladies and the lobbies of members of the House and strangers. It was laid on the table by yeas 26, nays 16. The resolution was probably intended to draw out the sentiments of the Democrats favoring Douglas. Immediately after a resolution was introduced saying that "the sense of this Legislature" is against further aid to works of Internal Improvement, which was laid on the table. Laying on the table seems to answer all the purposes for which the "previous question" was to be used. There was but little business done and none of importance.

In the House, the session lasted hardly an hour; thus adjourning in good time to hear the discussion in the Senate. By a rule of the House Saturday was made private bill day—which accounts for the little business, though the speaker broke over the rule and took up some bills which had passed their 2d reading, but were not considered of much importance. A bill to charter the White Oak Navigation Company in Onslow was among them.

A bill which aims at abolishing the office of State Geologist was to-day brought up by Mr. Reeves. And the constitutional amendments were represented by a bill from Mr. Masten to elect Clerks and Masters in Equity by the people.

Mr. D. F. Caldwell presented a bill to charter the State Improvement and Relief Bank. Its provisions are probably somewhat similar to the People's Bank Bill, but as it is to be printed you will see it.

As I said before, there being but little done today I have but little to write of.

EGO.

DEATH OF A STUDENT.—We regret to hear, by a letter from Chapel Hill, of the death of Edmund L. Jones, son of Hamilton C. Jones, Esq., of Salisbury, which occurred on Wednesday morning last, after an illness of only two or three days after his case began to excite uneasiness. He was a member of the Junior Class, and we learn was a modest, amiable and interesting young gentleman, one of those who were most seriously impressed during the recent extensive revival among the students, and all who knew him were most favorably impressed as to the depth and sincerity of his feelings and impressions.

His remains were conveyed to Rowan by his bereaved father, (an Alumnus, and forty years ago a member of the Faculty,) accompanied by pall bearers selected from the Dialectic Society, of which he was a member.

LARGE TURNIPS.—Theophilus Evans, Esq., of this vicinity, has presented us with three Turnips of his own growth which weigh in all 20 lbs. They are certainly very fine.

COTTON RECEIPTS.—1,073,174 bales, against 503,456 last year. Increase 569,718.

LATER FROM EUROPE!

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.

The *Africa* reached here this morning.

The Spanish demands on Mexico will probably be countenanced by France, and additional vessels sent thither by the latter. England is also ready to press her claims for redress. The second instalment of the Spanish Expedition to Mexico is ready to sail.

There is a report that a reduction of the French army is about to be made. It has caused a buoyancy in the London Exchange.

Commercial.—LIVERPOOL, Nov. 13.—Sales of cotton for the week 49,000 bales—for speculation 3,500, and for export 7,600. The market closed steady without change since the previous week. Stock in port 382,000—American 280,000.

Rosin slightly higher. Spirits of turpentine 40 a 41.

Harper's Magazine for December.
Nov'r 26. E. J. HALE & SON.

MARRIED,

In Chatham county, on the 24th inst., by the Rev'd Dr. Brown, Mr. JAMES F. T. WILLIAMS, of this county, to Miss ORIANA B., daughter of the late Joseph Crump of Chatham.

In Sampson county, on the 24th inst., by the Rev'd George Gibbs, Miss MARY LOUISA, eldest daughter of Dr. Thomas Bunting, to JOHN H. HILL, Esq. of Brunswick county.

In Anson county, on the 18th inst., by the Rev. Wm. M. Moore of South Carolina, Mr. JAMES THOMAS LOWRY to Miss CLARA A., third daughter of John W. McLendon; all of Anson county.

In the Baptist Church, Raleigh, N. C., on the 24th inst., by Rev. Thos. E. Skinner, JOHN H. BRYAN, Jr., and MAGGIE HENDERSON, daughter of the late Dr. Wm. T. M. Outlaw.

At the Veranda Hotel in Salisbury, on the 10th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Horton, Mr. H. B. SPRAGUE, and Miss D. M. HAPPOLDT.

At the residence of the bride's father in Sampson County on the 24th inst, by S. B Killett, Esqr., Mr. AMMA C. PETERSON to Miss CATHARINE EZZELL daughter of John R. Ezzell, Esqr. all of Sampson.

Raleigh N. C. C. Advocate and Spirit of the Age please copy.

DIED,

At the residence of his son, Wm. S. Mallett, Esq., near Brenham, Washington county, Texas, on the 11th inst., LALLERSTEDT MALLETT, Esq., a native of this town, aged about 58 years.

On the 22d inst., at the residence of his father, Hon. W. H. Battle, at Chapel Hill, Dr. JOEL D. BATTLE, of Everettsville, Wayne county.

In Wilmington, on the 25th instant, HENRIETTA MURPHY, babe of Joseph and Nancy S. McLaurin, aged 1 year, 2 months and 6 days.

In Rockingham, on the 5th inst., VIRGINIA WALL, eldest daughter of John W. and Ann C. Leak, in her 14th year.

At Monroe, in Union county, on the 16th inst., THEODOSIA ERNEST, infant daughter of D. A. and Susan Covington, aged 18 months.

In Bladen county, on the 4th inst., LILLIAS JAMES, daughter of J. K. and R. J. Melvin, aged 2 years, 8 months and 12 days. "Suffer little children to come unto me, for of such is the kingdom of Heaven."

In Oxford, N. C., on the 23d inst., Gen. W. S McCLANAHAN, long a resident of that place.

At Kenansville, on the 9th inst., Dr. CHRISTOPHER B. WHITEHEAD, aged about 24 years.

On the 25th ult., in Chatham county, of disease of the throat, EMPRIER McMANUS, daughter of Lawrence McManus, aged 14 years 9 months and 16 days.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.—November 29.

BACON—	12	a 12½	American	6	a 0
BEESWAX—	25	a 00	English	4	a 0
CANDLES—F. F.	20	a 00	LARD—	13	a 14
Adamantine	28	a 32	LEAD—	8	8½
Sperm	00	a 00	MOLASSES—		
COFFEE—Rio	12½	a 13½	Cuba	30	a 31
Laguira	15	a 16	N. Orleans,	45	a 50
Java	20	a 00	NAILS—	4½	a 5
COTTON—			OIL—Linseed	1 00	a 0 00
Fair to good,	10½	a 00	Tanner's	0 70	a 1 00
Ordin. to mid.	a		SALT—		
COTTON BAGGING—			Liv. Sack,	1 40	a 0 00
Gunny,	18	a 20	Alum	0 60	a 0 00
Dundee,	18	a 20	FLAXSEED	1 00	a 0 00
COTTON YARN—			SHOT—		
No. 5 to 10	20	a 00	Com. pr bag	2 25	a 0 00
DOMESTIC GOODS—			Buck	2 25	a 2 50
Brown Sheetings	8½	a 0	SPIRITS—		
Osnaburgs	10½	a 00	P. Brandy,	1 00	a 0 00
FEATHERS—	35	a 40	N. C. Apple	0 70	a 0 00
FLOUR—			Northern do.	0 70	a 0 80
Family,	5 37	a 5 50	N. C. Whiskey	50	a 0 55
Super.	5 25	a 0 00	Northern do.	35	a 0 00
Fine,	5 00	a 0 00	SUGARS—		
Scratched,	4 75	a 0 00	Loaf	15	a 00
GRAIN—			Crushed	13	a 13½
Corn,	80	a 90	Coffee	10	a 11½
Wheat,	95	a 0 00	Porto Rico	10	a 00
Rye,	90	a 1 00	New Orleans	00	a 00
Oats,	0 45	a 0 50	TALLOW—	10	a 00
Peas,	0 75	a 0	WOOL—	18	a 19
HIDES—Dry	8	a 10	TURPENTINE—		
Green	4	a 00	Yellow dip,	2 40	a 0 00
IRON—			Virgin,	2 40	a 0 00
Swedes, com. bar	6½	a 0	Hard,	1 25	a 0 00
Ditto, wide	7½	a 0	Spirits,	42	a 42½

PERUVIAN GUANO—
5 tons and upwards, $65 per ton,
A less quantity, 70 " " } of 2000 lbs.

REVIEW OF THE MARKET.

Cotton—We advance our quotations, at which sales are easily made.
Flour—No material change.
Corn—Finds ready sale.
Corrected by JAMES G. COOK.

WILMINGTON MARKET.—Nov. 27, 1858.

Turpentine, Virgin and Yellow 2 90, Hard 1 75. Spirits 45½. Tar 2 25. Timber, 2 rafts at $4.

At New York, Cotton advanced, middling uplands 12. Spirits dull at 48½ to 49.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

ARRIVALS.

Cape Fear Line. Nov'r 26.—Str Flora McDonald, with goods for J R McLean, S T Hawley & Son, A A McKethan, Benbow & Scott, Worth & Utley, J Utley, W Vink, G & L Brandt, D Anderson, H L Myrover & Co, B F Hoover, A W Pool, G & Barnum, Mrs M Banks, Jones & Spuling, G W Spuling, B N Marsten, Thagard, Rowan & Co, O Houston, S J Hinsdale, C W Andrews, J N Smith, Rockfish Co, Stedman & Horne, jr, W Draughon, J M Vann, Starr & Williams, Hon W Winslow.

Rush & Orrell's Line. Nov. 29.—Steamer Sun with goods for Starr & Williams, J W Lett, J Shaw, W C Troy, A G Thornton, H McDonald, D & W McLaurin.

EXAMINATION.

THE 10th semi-annual Examination of the Laurinburgh High School, will close on Tuesday, the 14th of December next. An Address will be delivered by the Rev. James Sinclair. The public are respectfully invited. DAN'L C. McINTYRE, Sec'y.
Laurinburgh, Nov. 24, 1858. 67-2t
Presbyterian copy.

HATS.

IF you want a superfine fashionable Hat, call at *D. GEE'S HAT STORE, Green St.*
Just received—
Best quality Fash. MOLESKIN;
Latest style Fash. CASSIMERE;
Do. Flat-Brim Do.;
CABLE HAT, new style;
On hand, a good supply of my own manufacture of SILK, FUR AND WOOL HATS,
which I offer for sale on the most reasonable terms.
DAVID GEE.
Nov'r 24. 67*3t

BOOTS & SHOES,

AT WHOLESALE.
JNO. M. WALKER, of NORTH CAROLINA,
WITH
P. P. SHAW & CO.,
31 AND 33 DEY STREET, NEW YORK,
WILL be happy to see his Southern friends at the above establishment, where, either personally or by order, they may be supplied from an extensive and well assorted Stock of Goods in that line, gotten up expressly for the Southern trade.
Nov'r 29, 1858. 67-1y

R. H. BATTLE, JR.,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Wadesborough, N. C.,
WILL pay prompt attention to all business entrusted to him, in Anson and the adjoining Counties.
Nov'r 29. 67-3m

SPECIAL COURT.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, }
CUMBERLAND COUNTY. }

Superior Court of Law. Fall Term, 1858.

His Honor ROMULUS M. SAUNDERS Judge Presiding.

IT is Ordered by the Court, That a Special Term of this Court be held on the second Monday in February, A. D. 1859.

Jurors, Witnesses and Suitors in Civil Causes are hereby notified to attend.

Witness, John W. Baker, Jr., Clerk of our said Court, at office, the seventh Monday after the fourth Monday in September, A. D. 1858.
66tC] JOHN W. BAKER, Clerk.

Christmas! Christmas!

A LARGE and well selected lot of
Toys and Fancy Articles,
Suitable for the Christmas Holidays, just received and for sale by MRS. M. BANKS.
Nov'r 27. 67-3w
Town papers 3 weeks.

SOMETHING UNCOMMON.

ALL the FANCY GOODS in the Store one door East of the Cape Fear Bank, will be sold off at COST after this date. Those wishing to purchase
Christmas Presents and Toys
for Children, would do well to call and save a hundred per cent, as the subscriber is determined to close out.
JAMES KYLE, Jr.
Nov'r 29. 67-3t

A FRESH SUPPLY

OF UNSLACKED LIME, suitable for building as well as farming purposes.
—ALSO—
Calcined and Land Plaster; Hydraulic Cement and Plastering Hair.
For sale in quantities to suit by
BEVERLY ROSE.
Nov'r 29. 67-3t

SUNDRIES

POTASH, (first sort;)
Colgate's PALE SOAP;
Pure Extra Winter SPERM OIL.
—ALSO—
Neatsfoot, Tanner's, Lamp, Machinery and Linseed OILS. Likewise, Pure WHITE LEAD in Oil, and other Paints.
For sale on favorable terms. Apply to
B. ROSE.
Nov'r 29. 67-3t

WANTED,

FOR the year 1859, four young men and two women, smart, active and cleanly, for Table and Chamber Servants; one good Cook, (a man preferred,) strong and healthy; and also one sober, honest and industrious fellow for Ostler. For such servants, (slaves would be preferred,) liberal prices will be given, and wages paid quarterly.
T. WADDILL, Fayettevile Hotel.
Fayetteville, N. C., Nov. 25, 1858. 67-tlstJ
Carolinian copy.

LOST! LOST!!

MY Pocket Book containing some Six Dollars and Fifty Cents, and two Notes of Hand of T. M. Howard, given in May last. This is to forewarn any and all persons from trading for said Notes. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at the Book Store of Messrs. Hale. J. O. HOWARD.
Nov. 29, 1858. 1t
Carolinian 1t.

Cape Fear Plantation for Sale.

THE Plantation on the East side of Cape Fear River, about two miles above the Clarendon Bridge, containing 350 ACRES, owned by Wm. L. Hall of Brunswick. Persons desirous of purchasing may apply to WM. H. HAIGH or BENJ. R. HUSKE, Attorneys at Fayetteville, or to JAMES M. SMITH, Esq.
Nov. 27, 1858. 67-9tpd*tf

LAND ON ROCKFISH FOR SALE.

BY Virtue of a Decree of the Court of Equity for Cumberland County, upon the petition of Malcom Shaw and Alfred Jackson, Guardians of Southerland and Charlotte Munroe, I will sell at the Court House Door in Fayetteville, on Friday the 10th day of December next, a Tract of LAND containing 39½ Acres, lying on the waters of Rockfish, joining the lands of the Rockfish Manufacturing Co. There are buildings and a fence on the land.
Terms of sale. $10 in cash: balance 6 months with interest from date. Bond and security required from purchaser.
W. A. HUSKE, C. & M. E.
Nov. 26, 1858. 67-ts

A Rare Chance for Capitalists.—Valuable Coal and Farming Lands for Sale.

THE undersigned, Executors of the last will and testament of George Wilcox, dec'd, offer for sale that tract or parcel of land on Deep River, known as the WILCOX COAL LANDS. Said tract of land contains five hundred and twenty-five acres, and is very valuable for farming purposes. Coal and Iron of the best quality have been found on said land in different places.
Said Land may be purchased at private sale, by applying to the subscribers at Pittsborough, N. C., at any time between this and the 18th day of December next, at which time, if not disposed of sooner, it will be sold to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in Carthage, Moore county, between the hours of 1 and 4 o'clock, P. M.
Terms of sale:—one half of the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale, and ample time given for the other half, with bond and approved security, more fully specified on the day of sale.
W. A. NASH, }
G. WILCOX, } Ex'rs.
Nov'r 29. 67*3t

FOR SALE.

WILL be sold at the Market House, in the Town of Fayetteville, on Monday 6th December, EIGHT SHARES of the Capital Stock of Bank of Cape Fear. Terms cash. ROB'T T. HALL, Adm'r.
Nov. 27. 67ts

JUST RECEIVED,

And for sale at the Family Grocery.
RIO, Laguira and Java COFFEE;
Crushed, A and C Coffee SUGARS;
Butter, Cheese and Lard;
Dried Beef; Family Market Beef;
Sugar House Syrup;
Adamantine, Tallow and Sperm Candles;
No. 1 Family Soap;
Starch; Candy; Matches;
Tobacco, Segars and Snuff.
D. ANDERSON.
Nov'r 24. 66-1w

PURE CIDER VINEGAR

AT
D. ANDERSON'S.
Nov'r 24. 66-1w

NOW IS THE TIME

FOR CODFISH AND POTATOES.
For sale by D. ANDERSON.
Nov'r 24. 66-1w

CHOICE GOSHEN BUTTER,

AT
D. ANDERSON'S.
Nov'r 24. 66-1w

FURS WANTED

BY H. B. FERGUSON.
The Highest Price Paid
FOR COON, FOX, OPOSSUM, MINK AND OTTER.
☞P. S. Don't sell your Furs until you try the market.
Nov'r 24. 66-2w

JUST RECEIVED,

A GOOD assortment of—
KERSEYS, BLANKETS, TWEEDS,
JEANS, SATINETTS, CASSIMERES,
PRINTS, SHOES, &c.
—ALSO—
18 DOZ. HOOP SKIRTS,
50 " LINEN AND MARSEILLES SHIRTS.
STARR & WILLIAMS.
Nov'r 25. 66-

PAINTS, OILS, &c.

SPERM, Refined, Lard, Linseed and Tanner's OIL; WHITE LEAD; Burning Fluid; Putty; Window Glass and Sash of all sizes.
—ALSO—
A fresh supply of POND'S PAIN DESTROYER.
For sale by JAMES MARTINE.
Nov'r 24. 66tf

NEW BOOKS.

BROWNLOW & PRYNE'S Discussion on Slavery; K. N. Pepper Papers; Vernon Grove, or Hearts as they are; In and Around Stamboul, by Mrs. E. Hornby; Living and Loving; The Yellow Plush Papers; After Dark, by W. Collins; Davenport Dunn, by Lever; School Books; Faber's Drawing Pencils in Cases; &c.
E. J. HALE & SON.
Nov'r 24.

HAULING WANTED.

I WISH to Hire the hauling of 40 or 50 cords of cut wood, from my land about 2 miles south-west of Fayetteville.
Nov 29 E. J. HALE.

JUST RECEIVED,

BY Adams' Express Co., AT THE ONE-PRICE CLOTHING STORE,
A Second Supply of
Ready-Made Clothing,
Consisting of a large supply of PANTS, with side-stripe and without; also, a lot of Plain-front Pants, suitable for old gentlemen.
Business COATS, Over Coats, Frock & Dress Coats.
All-wool Flannel SHIRTS and DRAWERS; Yoke-neck Shirts, warranted to be extra; Marseilles-Bosom Shirts; Stocks; Suspenders; Gloves; Hosiery; Gentlemen's Buggy Blankets; Valises and Trunks.
All these goods will be sold reasonably for cash, or to persons who pay their bills when presented.
A. J. WOODWARD, Market Square,
Two Doors below S. J. Hinsdale's Drug Store.
Nov'r 24. 66-3t

STOVES, SHEET-IRON,

TIN-WARE, &c.
ON hand, a large assortment of Box and Cooking Stoves; Tin-ware; Sheet-Iron; Lead Pipe. Also
The "Old Dominion Coffee Pot."
For sale by JAMES MARTINE.
Nov'r 24. 66tf

HARD-WARE, CUTLERY,

SADDLERY, &c.
JAMES MARTINE is now receiving a large and general assortment of everything in the above line.
—ALSO—
A prime article of Rio, Laguira and Java COFFEE; Crushed and Brown SUGAR; Sugar House SIRUP and MOLASSES.
All of which is offered on as good terms as can be had in this market.
Nov'r 24. 66tf

FRESH
NORFOLK OYSTERS!

WILL BE SERVED UP DAILY,
By the Plate, Quart or Gallon,
And Families supplied to order, at
J. R. LEE'S, Hotel Building.
Nov'r 24, 1858. 66-6t

PIANO FORTES.

JAMES PIRSSON respectfully informs the public that he has arrived at Wilmington and will shortly visit Fayetteville and vicinity, for the sale of his superior Piano Fortes, and also for the purpose of Tuning and Repairing Piano Fortes.
For all those who may require his services, orders left at the Watch and Jewelry Store of Mr. Green, or at this Office, will be attended to.
Nov'r 24. 66-

NOTICE.

THE subscriber, expecting to remove his Negroes South-west during the next year, offers for sale or rent his very valuable Plantation on the Cape Fear River, 2½ miles below Fayetteville. Said Tract is very valuable, and contains no waste land, 100 acres being of fine swamp and 100 acres of river land,—the swamp land nearly dried.
Also, will be hired out for the next year, the Negroes belonging to said Plantation, and several others, consisting of Cooks, House Servants, &c.
The subscriber also wishes to dispose of—
30,000 lbs. Fodder and Hay,
400 or 500 bushels Corn,
3,000 lbs. Pork,
Stock of Hogs and Cattle,
3 Mules and 1 good Farm Horse,
Wagons, Carts, Harness and Farming Utensils.
T. H. PEMBERTON.
Nov'r 24. 66-3w

NOTICE

IS hereby given to the public and others concerned, that the Dissolution of the Firm of O'Brien & Smith, heretofore published, is unauthorised by the undersigned, nor was he consulted as to the intended publication. He further states that he was the original Contractor for the 6th and 9th Sections on the W. R. R., and Mr. Smith by agreement came into the work upon an equal division of the profits and losses. The undersigned has never abandoned the work, and notice is given to the Company and the Treasurer of the Company to pay over the estimates only upon the joint order of O'Brien & Smith.
MICHAEL O'BRIEN.
Nov'r 21. 66-3t

D. W. BOWMAN K. M. MURCHISON.
BOWMAN & MURCHISON,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NO. 104 WALL STREET,
New York.
LIBERAL cash advances made on Consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores and Southern Produce generally.

TO PLANTERS AND FARMERS.

THE UNDERSIGNED has been appointed sole Agent in North Carolina, for the sale of Kettlewell's Celebrated Fertilizers and Renovators of worn out lands.

They comprise his MANIPULATED GUANO, No. 1 and 2. "RENOVATOR," (Guano and Land Salt) No. 1 and 2. "KETTLEWELL'S SALTS" and "LAND PLASTER" of superior quality.

Mitchell & Croesdale's highly improved "SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME." These fertilizers, where they have been tried, require no recommendations, but take the lead of Guano and all the Fertilizers and Renovators of the soil.

Pamphlets descriptive of the articles, with certificates of their virtues, prices, &c., will be furnished by mail, to such as desire them, by application to

H. NUTT,
Sole Ag't for the State of N. Ca.

Wilmington, Sept. 25. 49-3m.

LAND FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale 640 Acres of LAND, lying on the West side of Cape Fear River, two miles below Fayetteville, and extending from the river into the sand-hills. This tract is about equally divided into river-ridge, swamp and sand-hill Land. About 80 acres, adjoining the river, are under cultivation and are well suited to the growth of Corn and Grass: none of the Swamp has been cleared. There are several good sites for a dwelling house on the sand-hills. Any person wishing to purchase will do well to make early application, as I have determined to sell.

THOMAS J. ROBINSON.

Sept. 8, 1858. 44-tf

6,500 ACRES OF LAND FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber desiring to move to the West offers to sell the following tracts of valuable land.

1 Tract containing 2566 acres in Harnett County 18 miles North of Fayetteville. There is on this tract, two large and comfortable dwelling houses, with all necessary outhouses, together with a good mill running two saws and grist, with about 300 acres cleared and in a high state of cultivation: the remainder is excellent farming and turpentine land.

Also another tract containing 4000 acres of turpentine land, about 100 acres of which is cleared. There is on this tract one good dwelling with all necessary out houses and a good grist and saw-mill.

I will take pleasure in showing the above property to any person wishing to purchase.

H. S. McNEILL.
Manchester P. O.

Nov. 7th, 1857. 67-ts

ALABAMA LAND FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale THIRTY-FIVE HUNDRED ACRES of Land in as healthy a section as there is in Alabama.

FORTY ACRES, on which are a good Dwelling and all necessary out-houses, in good repair.

ONE HUNDRED and SIXTY ACRES, good river bottom land, 100 acres of which is under cultivation and produces fine crops of Cotton and Corn.

NINE HUNDRED and SIXTY ACRES Creek and Pine land, on which is some good farming land.

TWENTY-THREE HUNDRED and FORTY ACRES Pine land, well suited for Turpeatine getting.

This property will be sold cheap and on accommodating terms.

Address the subscriber at Mount Pleasant P. O., Monroe County, Alabama.

WILLIAM W. ENGLISH.

March 11, 1858. 92-1y

LAND FOR SALE.

JOHN T. GILMORE now offers for sale a portion of his swamp lands in the county of Cumberland about 14 miles below Fayetteville, and about 1½ miles East of the Cape Fear River. The entire swamp has been successfully drained, of the large body of water by which it was heretofore covered. The land is apparently level, being free from ridges (which are so common to swamp lands generally,) whilst there is an abundance of fall, by which the rain water can be carried off by ordinary ditches. A small portion of the land has been in cultivation about 7 years, and those persons who have seen the crops regard the land as equal in fertility to any they have seen in this State or elsewhere. The location is healthy, the neighborhood good, and the access to Fayetteville and Wilmington easy by means of a good road 1½ miles in length leading directly to the river. Besides this, it is within 3 miles of a beautiful little village, upon a high and healthy Bluff, at the river, with a Store, Ware-house and first-rate landing. All which afford many conveniences to the neighborhood. As several persons have spoken of purchasing, this is deemed a proper time to call their attention to the subject, inasmuch as there is a crop now growing upon a small portion of the land, by which they can judge of its production. ☞ Reasonable terms will be given to the purchaser.

Sept. 10, 1858. 45tf

LANDS FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale about 6000 Acres of Pine Lands near Fayetteville, containing an immense quantity of Mill Timber, and a number of Turpentine Boxes, and several new tasks may be cut. There is on the premises a fine Dwelling House, and all necessary outhouses,—Scuppernong and Isabella Grape Vines,—1000 young Peach and Apple Trees of Lindley's best varities; also, a good FARM of about 150 acres cleared; and also a GRIST and SAW MILL; and a fine large Meadow of about 140 acres. The Fayetteville and Coal Fields Rail Road passes through these lands about a mile from the Mills. I will sell in parcels to suit purchasers, but would prefer to sell the whole together. Apply to Thos. S. Lutterloh, Esq., Fayetteville, or the subscriber at Pittsborough, N. C.

J. H. HAUGHTON.

Nov. 12, 1857. 60-tf

690 ACRES OF LAND FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale the above quantity of Land, situated in a healthy neighborhood, three miles from the Wilmington and Charlotte Rail Road, and four from Lumber River. This Land is well adapted to Farming, Turpentine, and Ton Timber purposes, having a good range and other advantages. Those wishing to purchase may find me on the premises, who will be happy to exhibit it or give any information concerning it desired.

ANGUS McGILL.

Philadelphus, N. C., Sept. 1, 1857. 40tf

VALUABLE PLANTATION *FOR SALE.*

THE subscriber offers for sale the PLANTATION and improvements where he now resides It is located just below the mouth of Liles' Creek, in Catawba county, near Lewis' Ferry on the Catawba river, adjoining Henderson Sherl, and containing 515 Acres, 150 of which are in cultivation and about 50 acres of that is good Creek and Branch Bottom. The improvements are a comfortable Log Dwelling, a first rate Barn, Stables and stalls for 20 head of horses; Cow sheds, and good Fences. There is upon the place a good GRIST MILL running a pair of Burr and a pair of common Stones. The W. N. C. Railroad passes through the Farm and the Depot is located upon it. It is the most valuable farm in this section of the State.

Will be sold for Cash or exchanged for Negroes.

A. W. WILSON.

Oct. 15, 1858. 57-tf

NEGROES AND LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber wishes to sell his HOUSE and LOT in Fayetteville, known as the "Farm House," containing about 60 acres. Also, THREE VALUABLE NEGRO MEN, Edward, Fred and Charles. Fred and Edward are excellent Spirit Barrel Coopers,—all young, sound and healthy. For terms apply to

C. E. LEETE,
or JOS. BAKER, Jr.,
Att'y for John Eccles.

Aug. 18. 38-tf

WANTED

75 NEGROES for a Mississippi Plantation, Men, Boys, Girls, and some good Families.

BPHR. PAGE.

Fayetteville, May 6, 1858. 8-tf

The Voice of Christian Life in Song;

Stand Up for Jesus, a Christian Ballad; Sermon on the Mount, by D. H. Hill; Sprague's Annals of the American Pulpit, Presbyterian volumes; Treuch on the New Testament.

E. J. HALE & SON.

Nov. 1, 1858.

Godey's Lady's Book for Decem'r.

Just received.

E. J. HALE & SON.

Nov. 18, 1858.

DENTISTRY.

Thos. M. Watson,

HAVING decided on permanently locating at Floral College, respectfully informs the citizens of this place and surrounding country that he is prepared to operate in all the various branches of Surgeon Dentistry, and will be happy to attend all calls in his Profession at any time. Prices moderate. Satisfaction guarantied.

July 29. 33tf

GROCERIES AT WHOLESALE.

I HAVE just received in store my Fall Stock, embracing the following articles, viz:

125 Bags Coffee.
65 Bbls. and Hhds. Sugar—assorted.
65 " Pork.
50 Boxes good Tobacco.
75 " Candy.
30 ½ Bbls. Snuff—Eagle Mills.
75 Boxes Crackers.

All of which will be sold for CASH, or on short time to the best of men.

E. F. MOORE & CO.

Sept. 9, 1858. 44-tf

CAROLINA CITY, N. C.

THE Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad being now completed to Beaufort Harbor, I have determined to locate at Carolina City for the purpose of doing a

Forwarding and General Commission BUSINESS,

and hope by promptness and strict attention to merit patronage and support. Being the Agent of MURRAY'S LINE OF FIRST CLASS PACKETS to this and Morehead city, every effort will be made to make this the cheapest and most expeditious route to New York. Vessels will be loaded and discharged at my Wharf (adjoining the Railroad Wharf.) and thereby save cartage and lighterage. Particular attention will be given to all orders, and to the sale and shipment of Produce.

WM. B. GRANT.

July 29, 1858. 32-1y

WATER WHEELS! WATER WHEELS!!

WE are now manufacturing Vandewater's Improved

JONVAL TURBINE WATER WHEEL,

for Mills and Factories of every description; and all those wishing to improve their water power will find it for their interest to address us by letter, stating the number of feet, head and fall; their usual amount of water; the kind of machinery to be driven. We can then give them price of wheel, or what we will furnish Wheel and principal Gears for, warranted to do a certain amount of work. *Time given to test the Wheel*, and if it does not come up to our figure, the Wheel and Gears to be delivered to us at the mill of the purchaser. REFERENCE GIVEN AND REQUIRED.

HEATH & STEVENSON,
Laurel Factory, Prince George's county, Md
ROBERT BAIRD, Agent, Richmond, Va.

HIGH MOUNT TANNERY.

SITUATED 4 MILES WEST OF WADESBORO', ANSON COUNTY, N. C.

NOW the panic is over and nobody killed in these diggins, the undersigned still continues to conduct the general Tanning and Manufacturing of all kinds of Leather, Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Boots and Shoes, of every size and description—of the very best material. PLANTATION premium BROGANS, NOT to be surpassed. All of which he offers and proposes to sell or exchange for Raw Hides, Beeswax, Tallow, and all kinds of country produce, on terms to justify and accommodate his customers according to the times.

Having on hand constantly a large supply of Stock, he is prepared to execute all orders neatly and promptly, with such material and workmanship as are not to be excelled by any establishment of the kind in this part of the country in style, quality or price, for cash or to punctual customers. And in returning his sincere thanks to his customers and friends generally for their former patronage, he solicits andhopes to still merit a continuance of their favors.

JAMES C. CARAWAY.

March 4. 90-tlJapd

CHAMPION'S PILLS.

WE would call the attention of persons afflicted with Chills and Fevers to this celebrated Pill, which owes its popularity to no puffing, nor to long, windy certificates—but solely to its own merits as a remedy which never fails to cure when taken according to directions accompanying each box. This Pill, unlike many others, contains no mineral, nor any injurious ingredient, and may be administered with perfect safety at all times, to young or old.

As a preventive against Chills, or any other type of Fever, it is recommended as unsurpassed; and in treatment of Fevers generally it is far superior to Quinine, or any preparation of Peruvian bark. A trial of its merits is all that is needed to insure it a favorable position in the estimation of even the most inveterate opposer of Proprietary or Patent prescriptions.

CHAMPION'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS

Enjoy the reputation of being at least as good, if not better, than any of the various cathartic Pills of the age, and are entirely free from all poisonous, mineral, or other injurious properties, and are highly recommended in Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Sick Headache, Sick Stomach, Habitual Costiveness, Indigestion, &c., and diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels and Blood generally, they being by their composition equally adapted to either of the above cases as a general cathartic, good at all times when such medicines are required. We recommend them to the attention of all persons. Prepared by

F. M. SWYER & CO.,
Belleville, Illinois.

Sold by SAMUEL J. HINSDALE, Fayetteville, N. C.

Also, in all the towns and cities, and by numerous country agents throughout the southern and western States and Territories.

F. M. SWYER & Co.,
Proprietors, Belleville, Ill's.

June 3, 1858. 16-6m

EDGEWORTH FEMALE SEMINARY, *GREENSBORO', N. C.*

THE Scholastic year is divided into two Session's commencing 1st August and 1st January.

The course of study is thorough and systematic, embracing everything necessary to a complete, solid, and ornamental education. The buildings are so arranged as to combine the comforts of a home, with the advantages of a school. Instructors of the highest qualifications are employed in each of the Departments. No Institution in the country possesses advantages superior to Edgeworth.

TERMS:

Board, including washing, lights, and fuel, per Session of five months,	$60 00
Tuition in the Regular Classes,	20 00

The next Session will commence on Monday, August 2d, 1858. Pupils are admitted at any time during the Session, and charged from the time of entrance.

Catalogues containing all necessary information respecting the Course of Instruction, Terms, &c., will be forwarded on application to

RICHARD STERLING, *Principal.*
Greensboro', N. Carolina.

May 28, 1858. 17-6mospd

SMALL POX DEAD.

GENTLEMEN, you that wish to sell Likely Young NEGROES, Men, Boys, Women and Girls, for the highest cash prices, would do well to give me a call, or address me at Clinton, N. C.

J. A. McARTHUR.

June 5, 1858. 17-8mos.pd

THE LARGEST MANUFACTORY IN THE STATE.

THE subscriber begs leave to return his thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, and informs the public that he has now and will continue to have an increased force of experienced Saddle and Harness Makers, whose work he will warrant; and that he is prepared to offer to the public a large and varied assortment of every thing kept in his line. His assortment of Saddles, Harness, Bridles, Trunks, Travelling Bags, Valises, &c, is unsurpassed for workmanship and material, and will compare favorably for neatness with any other Manufactory, either North or South. Persons wanting any thing in his line will do him a favor to call and examine his stock before purchasing, as he is satisfied it will not fail to please them. His establishment will be found five doors East of Cape Fear Bank, on Person Street.

☞ Repairing done with neatness and despatch.

W. OVERBY.

Fayetteville, N. C., Oct. 28. 57-6m

DOBBIN HOUSE.

THIS CONVENIENT AND WELL FURNISHED Establishment was opened for the reception of Boarders on the 12th inst. The subscriber will spare no pains to make all comfortable who may stop at her house. Regular boarders will here find the quiet comfort of home, combined with the advantages to business men of a Hotel.

The stables of Mr. W. C Troy are in the rear of the Hotel, and travellers may entrust their horses to his care, with the assurance that the best treatment will be bestowed upon them.

MARY ANN POTTER.

Oct. 21, 1858. 56-3m

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE Subscriber having RENTED the Extensive STABLES connected with the Dobbin House, is now prepared to board Horses by the day or month. He has secured the services of an experienced hostler, and promises to give satisfaction to all who may patronize his establishment.

W. C. TROY.

Oct. 21, 1858. 56-3m

New Dry Goods.

W. MACINTYRE

Has received—

Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinets, Tweeds, Kent'ky Jeans; Kerseys, Linseys, Flannels, Blankets;
Muslin-de-Lains, Alpacas, Calicoes, Ginghams;
Brilliantes, Silk Velvets, Silk Robes, Jaconets;
Muslins, Ribbons, Laces, Muslin Edgings, Insertings;
Embroidered Sleeves, Collars, Gloves, Mitts, Gauntlets, Hosiery;
Elastic Enameled Ribbon Belts;
Table Damask, Napkins, Toweling;
Irish Linen, Shirting, Sheeting,
Counterpanes, Bed Tick;
Cloaks, Martillas, Shawls;
Merino Skirts, J. & P. Coats' Spool Cotton;
Bonnets, Col'd Flats, Ruches, Artificials;
Extension Skirts, Skirt Cord, Rattan, Whalebone;
Ready-Made Clothing, Hats, Caps;
Gaiters, Boots, Shoes;
Cotton Seine Twine, Gilling Nets;
Cotton Cards, French Baskets, Enamled Satchels;
Fancy Zephyr Hoods.

Oct. 25, 1858. 57tf

DEEP RIVER COAL.

BITUMINOUS COAL of the best quality can be had at the works at Egypt, at a reasonable price by the Ton.

WM. McCLANE.
Mining Engineer,

May 21, 1856. 6-tf

THIRTY HANDS WANTED.

THE subscriber wishes to hire by the Month, or Day, Thirty Negroes, to work on the Ninth Section of the Western Rail Road.

For further particulars inquire at the Engineer's Office, Fayetteville, or of me at Little River Bridge.

O'BRYAN & CO.

Aug. 16. 38tf

A FEW BARRELS

CHOICE old APPLE BRANDY, suitable for making wine and putting up brandy fruit. For sale by

W. H. CARVER.

Aug. 18 38-

Worth & Utley,

Forwarding and General Commission MERCHANTS,

Fayetteville, N. C.

J. A. WORTH. (72tf) JOS. UTLEY.

Medical Notice.

DR. H. A. McSWAIN has taken an Office on Anderson Street, in the rear of Messrs. Ray & Pearce's Store, where he can be found by those desiring his Professional services.

August 24, 1858. 40tf

J. WILLIAM PAGE, M. D.,

PITTSBOROUGH, N. C.

DR. PAGE may be found at his office when not professionally engaged.

May 6, 1857. 5tf

R. M. ORRELL,

TURPENTINE INSPECTOR.

THOSE sending their Spirits Turpentine to me may rely upon it to have prompt and careful attention. My Warehouses are fronting the Wharves and near the River.

Sept'r 13, 1858. 45-tf

RAIL ROAD NOTICE!

TO

COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

NEW, CHEAP, AND EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE FOR

Freight for the Interior of North Carolina.

MERCHANTS and others about purchasing their Fall and Winter Supplies, are requested to notice, that by the completion of the North Eastern Rail Road from Charleston, S. C., to Cheraw, the advantages of a CHEAP and EXPEDITIOUS Route from the Seaboard has been opened to them.

All freight consigned to the care of the Agent of the North Eastern Rail Road will be forwarded FREE OF COMMISSION.

No charge will be made for Storage at Cheraw. All goods will be taken care of in the Company's Warehouse until sent for.

A schedule of charges for transportation of freight will be found at the Post Office.

S. S. SOLOMONS,
Eng'r and Sup't.

Aug. 3. 34tf

NOTICE.

NO. 1 PERUVIAN GUANO;
400 Casks LIME;
50 Bales HAY;
5 Bbls. GLUE.

For sale by

WORTH & UTLEY.

July 10. 27-

CORN AND WHISKEY.

1000 BUSHELS good White Corn.
150 Bbls. Whiskey.
30 " Apple Brandy.
15 " N. E. Rum.

For sale for CASH by

E. F. MOORE & CO.

Sept. 9, 1858. 44-tf

FAYETTEVILLE MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

ASSETS $230,326.28.

THIS Company has been in operation more than five years, and has paid its losses, amounting to $19,126 95, without any assessment: insurance averaging its members about ½ per cent.

Policies issued to 1st of May, 1858, 2769.
Amount of property now insured, $1,474,922 34.
Amount premium notes now on hand, $224,968 23.
Cash premiums received, $32,317 41.

DIRECTORS.

Geo. McNeill,	S. T. Hawley,
D. A. Ray,	W. N. Tillinghast,
H. L. Myrover,	A. A. McKethan,
S. W. Tillinghast,	J. D. Williams,
Henry Lilly,	Jas. G. Cook,
N. A. Stedman,	A. W. Steel,
S. J. Hinsdale,	Jas. Kyle,
T. S. Lutterloh,	J. G. Shepherd,
Wm. McLaurin,	R. F. Brown, Wilmington,
A. E. Hall, Wilmington.	

OFFICERS.

GEO. McNEILL, President.
D. A. RAY, Vice President.
C. A. McMILLAN, Secretary.

John Collins and C. C. McCrummen, Travelling Agents.

The Company invite applications.

May 21, 1858. 13-Y

Harper's Magazine for November,

just received.

E. J. HALE & SON.

Oct'r 27.

NEW STOCK!

THE Subscribers are now receiving their NEW Stock of

BOOKS and STATIONERY,

which they offer at their customary reasonable prices for cash, or on credit to punctual customers.

Among the goods received to-day is a large stock of CAP, LETTER, and other PAPERS.

E. J. HALE & SON.

Sept'r 27, 1858.

FOR SALE.

300 BAGS ALUM SALT—2 bushels each.

By GEO. W. WILLIAMS & CO.

Nov'r 6. 61tf

FRESH ARRIVALS.

JUST received pr Steamer Fanny,

4 Bbls. Extra No. 1 MACKEREL (for retailing.)
10 ½ " do. " 1 Do.
10 ½ " do. " 1 Do.
10 ¼ " MESS SHAD;
30 Boxes CHEESE;
100 Bags New Hulled BUCKWHEAT FLOUR;

Fulton Market Beef: Mess Pork; Goshen Butter Pocket Salt; Sugar; Coffee; Molasses; and every thing in the provision line; which I will sell cheap for CASH or exchange for country Produce.

W. C. TROY.

Nov. 3, 1858. 60-tf

BUY EARLY COPIES—NOW READY.

The Poetical Works of EDGAR ALLAN POE,

Beautifully Illustrated with more than

ONE HUNDRED ORIGINAL DESIGNS

By DARLEY, BIRKET, FOSTER, PICKERSGILL, TENNIEL, CROPSEY, DUGGAN AND MADOT;

And engraved in the finest style of Wood Engraving By COOPER, LINTON, EVANS, &c.

Splendidly Bound—Price Six Dollars. A few Copies in Morocco, Nine Dollars.

Also, the Fifteenth Edition of

Poe's Complete Works,

IN FOUR VOLUMES, 12mo. PRICE $4 50,

Containing the Tales of the Grotesque and Arabesque; Wonderful Stories of the Imagination; All his Poetry; The Story of Arthur Gordon Pym, and a complete collection of all his contributions to the Magazines Edited by RUFUS W. GRISWOLD, D.D., with Notices of his Life by J. R. LOWELL and N. P. WILLIS.

Sent by mail, postage prepaid, on receipt of price.

J. S. REDFIELD, Agent,
34 BEEKMAN ST., NEW YORK.

Nov. 4. 60-

JOSEPH R. BLOSSOM.

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANT,

Wilmington, N. C.

☞ Prompt personal attention given to all Conignments, and Cash advances made on Produce to be shipped to other ports or sold in this market.

Feb. 12, 1855. 67

MILITARY GOODS,

Swords, Sashes, Belts, Epaulettes, Laces

AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF MILITARY GOODS,

ACCORDING TO THE

Latest U. S. Army and State Regulations.

SCHUYLER, HARTLEY & GRAHAM,

IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS,

19 MAIDEN LANE,

New York.

June 30. 24-1y

Dr. Frank Williams's Rye Whiskey.

R. MITCHELL has made arrangements with Dr. Frank Williams, to be constantly supplied with his celebrated RYE WHISKEY, which can be had at his Store at all times, by wholesale or retail.

Oct'r 11, 1858. 53tf

Clothing! Clothing!!

H. GRAHAM

Is now receiving a fine Stock of

Ready-made Clothing

To suit the Fall and Winter, OF THE LATEST STYLES.

He would solicit his customers and friends to give him a call, as he offers his Clothing LOW FOR CASH, or on reasonable terms to prompt paying customers.

☞ GARMENTS CUT IN THE LATEST FASHION. ☜

He may be found East jam on Market Square.

Oct 9. 53-3m

COTTON BAGGING.

DUNDEE and GUNNY BAGGING in quantities to suit purchasers. For sale by

JAS. G. COOK.

Sept. 17. 43tf

CAPE FEAR BANK STOCK FOR SALE.

FIFTY shares of Cape Fear Bank Stock are offered for sale. For further information apply to

A. McLEAN, Cashier.

Fayetteville, Aug. 9, 1858.

CHAIRS, CHAIRS.

A LARGE lot of Stool-bottom Chairs, made at Cool Spring Mill, and for sale by

A. M. CAMPBELL.

March 24, '58. 96y

TAKEN UP.

TAKEN up and committed to the Jail of Cumberland County on the 15th inst, a NEGRO BOY, named JOHN BRACE or JOHN FRANKLIN, who says he is free, and that he came from Columbia, S. C. John is small, a bright mulatto, and had on when taken up a white wool hat and steel-mixed frock coat and pants. The owner of said Negro is notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs.

GEO. L. McKAY, Jailor.

Oct'r 15, 1858. 55-

HOUSE, LOT, AND NEGRO.

THE undersigned wishing to close up their old business, offer for sale the HOUSE and LOT on Haymount, formerly occupied by Major Gilmore. Also, a NEGRO BOY 14 years of age; having tried him for the last five months, we can recommend him as an excellent servant, both for house or out of doors, sold for no fault, but to close old business.

F. N. & J. H. ROBERTS.

May 3, 1858. 7-tf

OLD BILLS.

ALL persons indebted to the concern of FRANK & JERRY and J. H. ROBERTS & CO., are requested to come forward and settle their bills. If not settled by the last of this month, they will find them in the hands of a Lawful Collector.

J. H. ROBERTS & CO.

May 3, 1858. 7-tf

Dominion.

The Old *Coffee Pot.*

DR. HALL, of New York, in his *Journal of Health* for July, 1858, says:—"We commend the *Old Dominion Coffee Pot* to all lovers of good coffee, as we personally know that it is one of the "new things" offered to the public in which no imposition is practiced, and which has the double vouchers of science and common sense."

A SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED, of 1½ Quarts at 1 75; 2 Quarts at 2 00; 3 Quarts at 2 35 and 4 Quarts at 2 75, at the "Crockery Store."

W. N. TILLINGHAST.

Oct. 19. 56tf

NOTICE.

SEALED Proposals for the Steward's Hall at Floral College will be received until the first Saturday in December next, when an election will be held.

M. C. McNAIR, Sec'y.

Nov. 5, 1858. 61*tlstSD.

NOTICE.

TAKEN up and committed to Jail of Moore County, North Carolina, a Negro Man who says his name is HUGH; says he belongs to Daniel Shaw of Robeson County, North Carolina. Hugh is about 20 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, had on when committed to jail a dark frock coat and gray cotton pants. The owner of said boy is notified to come forward and prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs.

W K. NUNNERY, Jailor.

Nov. 11, 1858. 65*4t

RICHARDSON'S IRISH LINENS,

DAMASKS, DIAPERS, &c.

CONSUMERS of Richardson's Linens, and those desirous of obtaining the genuine goods, should see that the articles they purchase are sealed with the full name of the firm, RICHARDSON, SONS & OWDEN, as a guarantee of the soundness and durability of the goods.

This caution is rendered essentially necessary as large quantities of inferior and defective Linens are prepared, season after season, and sealed with the name of RICHARDSON, by Irish Houses, who, regardless of the injury thus inflicted alike on the American consumer and the manufacturers of the genuine goods, will not readily abandon a business so profitable, while purchasers can be imposed on with goods of a worthless character.

J. BULLOCKE & J. B. LOCKE,
Agents, 36 Church St., New York.

Sept'r 24. 49*1ypd6mos

$200 REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber in Robeson county, on or about the 20th of July, 1858, my Negro Boy PETER. He is about 25 years old, weighing about 200 pounds; say 5 feet 11 inches high, quick spoken, dark complexion, and limps a little in one of his legs, perhaps the right. I will give $100 for his safe confinment in any jail in North Carolina, or his delivery to me in Robeson county; and a reward of $100 more for sufficient evidence that will convict any person or persons who may be harboring said slave or assisting him, either directly or indirectly, to make his escape to some free State. He is supposed to be lurking in Robeson and Bladen counties.

ARCHIBALD PURCELL.

Robeson Co., Sept. 28, 1858. 51*tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.

Charles D. Nixon vs. Alexander B. Walker.

Original Attachment and Levy on 286 Acres of Land. Conditional Judgment. September Term, 1858.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the Defendant, A. B. Walker, resides beyond the limits of this State: It is Ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the Fayetteville Observer, for the said A. B. Walker to be and appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the County of Cumberland, at the Court House in Fayetteville, on the first Monday in December next, 1858, and then and there plead or replevy, or the conditional judgment will be made absolute, and the land levied on condemned to satisfy the Plaintiff's claim.

Witness, Jesse T. Warden, Clerk of our said Court, at Office, the first Monday in September, A. D. 1858.

57*6t] J. T. WARDEN, Clerk.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.

Angus Ray vs. Alexander B. Walker.

Original Attachment and Levy on 286 Acres of Land. Conditional Judgment. September Term, 1858.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the Defendant, A. B. Walker, resides beyond the limits of this State: It is Ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the Fayetteville Observer, for the said A. B. Walker to be and appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the County of Cumberland, at the Court House in Fayetteville, on the first Monday in December next, 1858, and then and there plead or replevy, or the conditional judgment will be made absolute, and the land levied on condemned to satisfy the Plaintiff's claim.

Witness, Jesse T. Warden, Clerk of our said Court, at Office, the first Monday in September, A. D. 1858.

57*6t] J. T. WARDEN, Clerk.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.

Edwin Glover vs. Alexander B. Walker.

Warrant and Levy on 286 Acres of Land. Conditional Judgment. September Term, 1858.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the Defendant, A. B. Walker, resides beyond the limits of this State: It is Ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the Fayetteville Observer, for the said A. B. Walker to be and appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the County of Cumberland, at the Court House in Fayetteville, on the first Monday in December next, 1858, and then and there plead or replevy, or the conditional judgment will be made absolute, and the land levied on condemned to satisfy the Plaintiff's claim.

Witness, Jesse T. Warden, Clerk of our said Court, at Office, the first Monday in September, A. D. 1858

57*6t] J. T. WARDEN, Clerk.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.

Henry S. Stewart vs. Alexander B. Walker.

Original Attachment and Levy on 286 Acres of Land. Conditional Judgment. September Term, 1858.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the Defendant, A. B. Walker, resides beyond the limits of this State: It is Ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the Fayetteville Observer, for the said A. B. Walker to be and appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the County of Cumberland, at the Court House in Fayetteville, on the first Monday in December next, 1858, and then and there plead or replevy, or the conditional judgment will be made absolute, and the land levied on condemned to satisfy the Plaintiff's claim.

Witness, Jesse T. Warden, Clerk of our said Court, at Office, the first Monday in September, A. D. 1858.

57*6t] J. T. WARDEN, Clerk.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

ROBESON COUNTY.

In Equity, at Fall Term, 1858.

Margaret Ann V. Little, Mary C. Little, Eliza J. Little, Minors, by their next friend, Daniel Little, and Daniel Little, against Archibald Buie, Duncan Brown and wife Sally Ann, Malcom Buie, Daniel McP Buie, Flora Buie, Neill Buie, John Buie, Neill McNeill and wife Annabella, Effie Buie and Neill McCorvey and wife Mary.

Petition for partition of Real Estate.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that said Duncan Brown and wife Sally Ann, and Neill McCorvey and wife Mary, and Malcom Buie, are non-residents of this State, by order of the Court made herein, said non-residents are hereby notified to appear at the next Term of the Court of Equity to be held for the County of Robeson aforesaid, at the Court House in Lumberton on the 4th Monday in March next and plead, answer or demur to said Petition, otherwise the same will be taken pro confesso as to them.

57*6t] R. S. FRENCH, C. & M E.

Price of advertising 4 20.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, Oct. Term, 1858.

Roderick McKinnon Adm'r, vs. Charles McKinnon et. al.

Petition to make Real Estate assets.

ON motion, It is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the Fayetteville Observer for six weeks successively for Lauchlin McKinnon, a non resident, to be and appear at the next Term of Montgomery County Court, to be held at Troy, on the first Monday in January 1859, and plead, answer or demur, or the Petition will be taken pro confesso and heard ex parte as to him.

Witness, John McLennan, Clerk of our said Court, at office the first Monday in October, A. D., 1858, this 12th November, A. D., 1858.

63*6t] JOHN McLENNAN, Clerk.

HILLSBOROUGH *Military Academy.*

ON JANUARY 12th, 1859, the Institution above-named, will be opened at Hillsborough, N. C., to be conducted in chief by Captain C. C TEW, now Superintendent of the State Military Academy at Columbia, South Carolina, and Mr. W. D. GAILLARD, a graduate of the South Carolina Military Academy, and an instructor of approved experience. The drill, discipline, and course of studies, will assimilate as nearly as practicable to those of the Virginia and South Carolina State Military Institutions. The studies of the first two years, or preparatory course, will be, Arithmetic, Algebra, English Grammar, History of the United States, History of England, Ancient History, Mythology, Geography, French and Latin. The details of the advanced course will be announced hereafter.

The Academic year will continue uninterruptedly from January 12th to the 4th week in November.

The charge will be $300 per annum, payable as follows: $100 at the commencement of the Academic year; $100 on May 1st, and $100 on August 1st, for which the Academy will provide Instruction, Text Books, Stationery, Quarters, Board, Fuel, Lights, Washing, Clothing (except shirts, drawers and socks,) and Medical attendance.

No pupil will be admitted under 13 or over 18 years of age, or who cannot read and write with facility.

☞ For further information address the undersigned, at Columbia, S. C., until January 1st; after that date at Hillsborough, N. C.

C. C. TEW.

Sept 28. 53-*12t

J. C. STEDMAN and J. W. HORNE,

Under the Name and Style of STEDMAN & HORNE, JUN'R,

Have associated themselves together in a general

Grocery, Provision, Liquor and Barter Business,

And are now receiving a well selected Stock of Goods in their line, which they are willing to exchange for money or produce.

Their stock consists in part of the following articles:

Brown, Crushed and Loaf Sugar;
Rio, Laguira and Java Coffee;
Butter, Cheese, and Crackers;
Lard, Pork, and Western Bacon;
No. 1 Mackerel, in Bbls, Hfs. and Kits;
Tobacco, Snuff, and Cigars;
Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors.

Next door to D. & W. McLaurin, Hay St., Fayetteville, Nov. 18. 61*3m

NOTICE.

Likely Young Negroes Wanted.

MEN, BOYS, WOMEN AND GIRLS

ANY persons having such Negroes for sale, will do well to give me a call before selling elsewhere, as I am determined to pay the highest cash prices. I may be seen or addressed at Warrensville, Sampson county, N. C.

D. L. BROCK.

Nov. 19. 65*2mpd

LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale TWO HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, lying in the county of Robeson, on the East side of Long Swamp, adjoining the Lands of A. Leach and others. This land is well adapted to Corn, Cotton, Wheat and Oats—very little cleared—and well Timbered and is near the Wilmington & Charlotte Railroad; those wishing to purchase said land by calling on Mr. McCormick who lives on the premises will take pleasure to exhibit it or give any information if desired; a bargain may be had if applied soon. Terms moderate—for further particulars address the subscriber, Gibson's Store, Richmond County, N. C.

A. S. McNEILL.

Nov. 5, 1858. 61*6t-p't-pd.

LAND FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale SEVEN HUNDRED ACRES of

Good Turpentine and Farming Land,

situated in Robeson county, directly on the Southern Plank Road, twelve miles from Fayetteville.

If not disposed of privately, by January 1st, it will be sold at public Auction on or about that time, of which due notice will be given.

Terms will be made easy and accommodating to the purchaser.

Address the subscriber at Montrose P. O.

NEILL SINCLAIR.

Nov'r 10, 1858. 63*7tpd

SCHOOL BOOKS.

McClintock and Crooks' First Book in Latin; Parker's Wood Builder; Ray's, Stoddard's, Smith's and Emerson's Arithmetics; McGuffey's Eclectic Readers; Cornell's, Mitchell's and Morse's Geographies; Davies' Geometry; Bullion's and Smith's Eng. Grammars; Davies' Algebra, &c., &c.

E. J. HALE & SON.

NEW BOOKS.

MAN UPON THE SEA; or A History of Maritime Adventure, Exploration and Discovery, from the Earliest Ages to the Present Time, by Frank B. Goodrich.

THE CITY OF THE GREAT KING; or, Jerusalem as it was, as it is, and as it is to be, by J. T. Barclay, M. D., Missionary to Jerusalem.

Just received by E. J. HALE & SON.

The Life of Bishop Capers, by Dr. Wightman.

Just received.

E. J. HALE & SON.

Oct. 18.

The Hymns and Discipline of the Methodist Church.

A new supply just received.

Oct'r 13. E. J. HALE & SON.

NORTH CAROLINA READERS. NUMBERS 1 AND 2.

PREPARED WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO